

## Fine Tailoring!

Lamb & Co.'s variety of fine and exclusive fabrics in Suits, Trousers, Vestings, etc., is now at its best

They Employ the Best Cutters and Tailors Money Can Secure.

They charge no fancy prices—hence we want you to come here again and again for your clothes. If you are not perfectly satisfied with the garments they make for you

**THEY'LL COST YOU NOTHING.**

They are not cheap tailors—neither are they high priced. They do the very best of work at moderate and reasonable prices.

Test Them by a Trial.

P. F. SEIBEL.

THE HUB CLOTHING STORE, RHINELANDER, WIS.

## A FEW THINGS

We want you to see, such as Womens Tailor Suits, Banner Brand Waists, Sorosis Skirts, Cravennette Coats

These goods have just come in, and we are anxious to have you see them as they are very cheap and very good.

SPAFFORD & COLE.

## DRUGS, MEDICINES AND CHEMICALS.

Sponges, Syringes, Soaps, Combs and Brushes,  
PERFUMERY, FANCY AND TOILET ARTICLES.

PRESCRIPTIONS CAREFULLY AND ACCURATELY COMPOUNDED.

F. E. KRETLOW, Pharmacist.

## HEADQUARTERS FOR SPORTING GOODS

Whether you are in quest of a 40 lb. Muscullonge or the gamy Black Bass, or Specked Trout we can supply you with just the tackle you need. Rods, Reels, Hooks, Flies, it matters not what, we can fit you out. Just bear in mind too, that we carry the largest and best line of

CARRIAGES, BUGGIES, LUMBER WAGONS AND FARM-  
ING IMPLEMENTS

LEWIS HARDWARE COMPANY

### COUNTY TICKET NAMED

Republican County Convention Names a Strong Ticket in the Field.—Many Candidates for Officers.

The Republican county convention held at the court house in this city Tuesday afternoon was quite a crowd of delegates. An unusual number of candidates were presented for two or three of the more desirable offices, but a choice was effected with out protracted balloting. The ones that were called to order by County Chairman Richard Reed, I. H. Wheeler was made temporary chairman of the convention and C. F. Barnes secretary. The committee on credentials verified to the seating of the following delegates:

Rhineland, 1st ward—Wm. Garland, Chas. Nordstrom, Paul Bailey. 2nd ward—Chas. Blagelw, Gust. Peterson, Wm. Murphy. 3rd ward—W. R. Markham, Theo. Robertson, Nick Norbeck. 4th ward—W. H. Trumbull, Chas. Barnes, Gus Gustafson. 5th ward—J. D. Cole, Chas. Shepard, Ed. Forbes, Richard Reed. 6th ward—Chas. Gustafson, H. A. Barber.

Pellam—R. N. Moran, L. F. Klenke. Hardsburg—L. H. Wheeler (with proxy for J. S. Thullen, W. C. Gibbs and C. S. Stocker. Woodboro—J. C. Field. Newbold—Jacob Sween, Jr. Mondak—B. F. Johnson. Sugar Camp—John Tomeschak. Pine Lake—G. W. Bennett. Shoop—Ed. Brazell. Crescent—W. P. Jewell. Cassin—A. K. Truesdell. Lynne—J. M. Scott.

The temporary organization was then made permanent. A ballot was next taken on chairman of the county committee for the ensuing year. E. D. Brown received the majority of votes and was elected to the place. Balloting for county officers was then taken up with the following results:

Sheriff—Informal ballot, W. T. Stevens 20, D. T. Matteson 11, Jas. Wilson 5. On motion the informal ballot was declared formal and W. T. Stevens made nominee.

County Clerk—W. W. Carr was made nominee by unanimous vote.

County Treasurer—Informal ballot, C. Krueger 13, N. T. Baldwin 12, Julius Follstad 7, Geo. Porter 1, M. C. Ryan 1.

1st formal ballot, Krueger 13, Baldwin 15, W. D. LaSelle 1, Follstad 6, Ryan 1.

2d formal ballot, Baldwin 17, Krueger 15, LaSelle 1, Follstad 3.

3rd formal ballot, Baldwin 18, Krueger 16, Porter 1, Follstad 1.

4th formal ballot, Baldwin 17, Krueger 16, Follstad 2, LaSelle 1.

5th formal ballot, Baldwin 18, Krueger 15, Follstad 3.

6th formal ballot, Baldwin 19, Krueger 17, N. T. Baldwin declared nominee.

Register of Deeds—Informal ballot, J. L. McLaughlin 12, S. D. Sattlin 11, Emil Johnson 8, Thos. O'Hare 5.

1st formal ballot, McLaughlin 11, Sattlin 10, Johnson 9, O'Hare 6.

2d formal ballot, McLaughlin 15, Sattlin 10, Johnson 7, O'Hare 4.

3rd formal ballot, McLaughlin 20, Sattlin 10, O'Hare 3, Johnson 3, J. L. McLaughlin declared nominee.

District Attorney—Informal ballot, S. S. Miller 14, H. G. Kemp 19.

1st formal ballot, Miller 19, Kemp 17. S. S. Miller declared nominee.

Clerk of Court—Informal ballot, E. C. Sturdevant 23, D. E. Brizger 3. On motion ballot made formal and E. C. Sturdevant declared nominee.

D. H. Vaughan for County Surveyor or Chas. Deane for Coroner were nominated by acclamation.

The chairman appointed the following county committee:

City of Rhineland, 1st ward, Olaf Follstad; 2d ward, Louis Stumpner; 3d ward, Peter Diller; 4th ward, A. W. Brown; 5th ward, Richard Reed; 6th ward, C. H. Roepke; Cassin, A. Hansen; Pellam, L. F. Klenke; Hardsburg, Andrew K. Truesdell; Lynne, J. M. Scott; Shoop, Ed. Brazell; Pine Lake, Geo. W. Barnett; Sugar Camp, E. R. Trip; Mondak, B. F. Johnson; Newbold, Jack Sween; Crescent, W. P. Jewell; Woodboro, S. D. Sattlin.

The ticket placed in the field is an unusually strong one. And for was made to eliminate factional differences and make nominations which would secure the endorsement of every voter who desires the success of the Republican national ticket in Wisconsin.

To Be Married at Mondak.

Miss Martha Myers of Mondak and Albert J. Ryland of Antigo are to be married this evening at the bride's home in Mondak. Rev. A. O. Wilson of the Congregational church will perform the ceremony. Both parties are well known in Rhineland. Miss Myers has up to recently been numbered among the county's successful young teachers. The groom is a well known locomotive engineer in the employ of the Northwestern railway company.

### Columbia Orchestra Finishes.

About sixty couples were in attendance at a dance given last Thursday evening by the boys of Co. L. at the Armory. Music for the occasion was furnished by the Columbia orchestra, a Wausau organization, and was of a high order and appreciated most fully by the dancers. Every member of the orchestra is a thorough musician and should the Columbia chance to again appear in Rhineland would be greeted with double the patronage.

### Cuban Gets Position.

Alex Cuban of this city, one of the ardent LaFollette workers, has been rewarded for his services with a desirable position in the Secretary of State's office at Madison. Mr. Cuban entered up on his duties last week.

### Miss Pope Leaves City.

A number of the ladies and gentlemen who board at the Manning residence, gave a farewell party last Friday evening in honor of Miss Elizabeth Pope, who left Monday morning for her home in Weyauwega. For over two years Miss Pope has held a position as saleslady with Spafford & Cole. During her stay here she has acquired a large acquaintance and her leave taking was heartily regretted by employers and friends.

### DOINGS AT HIGH SCHOOL

REPORTED BY CARL OLSON.

Logan Sanderson has been elected captain of the football team. The eleven does not possess the weight of former teams, but it expects to make up for it in quality what it has not in quantity.

Claude Cruise has returned to school after a week's illness.

The hearts of the pupils of the High school have been made glad, because they need no longer remain after school on account of forgetting to call their number. Now the pupils in the back seats give the number of the absent members in their respective rows, while formerly each one called his number when his turn came or remained after school, if he neglected to.

Mr. Lowell intends to organize a Senior Literary Society in the near future.

The dignified members of the Senior class will give a literary program Friday, Sept. 29.

### Automobile Enroute.

Last Tuesday F. H. Hedgeland of Chicago, who in company with Stuart Lamp and John Soboda, also of Chicago, had been on an automobile trip through to Minocqua, passed through this city on the way home. Mr. Lamp and Mr. Soboda returned to Chicago by train, and on the return trip Mr. Hedgeland was accompanied by Jacob Morey and Arthur Fuller of Minocqua. The Chicago visitors enjoyed the hunting and fishing around Minocqua for a month—Tomahawk.

The party makes a like trip to the Minocqua lakes annually; last year their route lay through this city.

### New Fair Store Opens.

The new Fair Store in the Shepard building on Davenport street opened to the public Monday morning. In appearance the store is one of the neatest in the city being decorated in a manner most elaborate and artistic. The stock of goods carried is first class and neatly and tastefully arranged. The prices are right. The present sales force numbers about ten people but the proprietors will find it necessary to increase this number to nearly double in order to properly handle the crowds of buyers who already have commenced to throng the store.

### Democratic Nominate Ruggles.

The democratic nomination for Congressman for this district in the person of Willis M. Ruggles of Ashland, gives the situation no new phase. Ruggles has before been a candidate for it in place and derived little strength for his ticket.

Congressman W. E. Brown has served the interests of the Tenth district with promptness and ability. He has given a good, straightforward account of himself as its representative and is not tied up in any factional fight. He holds the confidence and respect of his constituents in political matters as he always has in business affairs. He does not need to petting his claims before the people who recognize in him a man entitled to their confidence and their vote in November.

### Special Excursion Rates to Colorado, Utah and the Black Hills.

Via the Northwestern Line. Beginning June 1st excursion tickets will be sold to Denver, Colorado Springs, Pueblo, Salt Lake City, Hot Springs, Deadwood, Lead and Custer, S. D., etc., good to return until October 31. A splendid opportunity is offered for an enjoyable vacation trip. Several fine trains via the Northwestern Ry.

### HIGH LICENSE WINS

Special Election Tuesday Results in Victory for the \$500 License Fee.— Goes Into Effect Next July.

The special election held Tuesday to determine the amount of license fee to be paid by saloons in this city after July 1st next, resulted in a decided majority for the advocates of the \$500 limit. The vote polled was unusually large for a special election, numbering 225 in the total. The following are the figures on the respective amounts as submitted:

Wards.	\$250	\$350	\$500
1st.....	58	5	89
2d.....	40	1	107
3d.....	63	2	81
4th.....	73	1	87
5th.....	102	1	100
6th.....	67	3	69
Total.....	363	12	523

Majority for \$500 license over all 125.

The advocates of both the high and low amounts worked hard all day for results and the count shows a remarkable change of sentiment since the last vote taken on this question. At that time the \$200 rate prevailed by an overwhelming majority.

### Initiate Twenty Members.

During the past ten days State Deputy L. A. Blackman and wife, of Appleton, have been in the city soliciting members for the Fraternal Reserve Association, a local council of which is established here. They have met with the best of success, having secured a class of twenty who will be initiated into the order next Thursday night, Sept. 29, at their hall over Gleason's meat market after which all will participate in a supper and social. The local branch has a present membership of about one hundred. The certificate issued by this association combines many up-to-date features for the benefit of the insured and is based on a plan of equity, each paying the known cost of his certificate regardless of date of death.

### Andrie-Foster Receptions.

A quiet wedding took place last evening at the home of the bride's parents Mr. and Mrs. Porter Foster. The contracting parties were former Mayor, Fred Andrie and Miss Evelyn Foster, Rev. A. G. Wilson performing the ceremony. Only a few friends and relatives were guests of the occasion.

Both the bride and groom possess an immensely large circle of friends who will join the New North wishing them all of life's choicest favors.

### Converse-Thorp Wedding.

Regina, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Converse of this city and Dr. A. W. Thorpe of Three Lakes were quietly married last Wednesday evening. The ceremony took place at the home of the bride's parents, and was performed by Rev. Geo. Babcock, of St. Augustine's church. Only the family and a few intimate friends were present. The bride has for the greater share of her life resided in Rhineland, receiving her education in the local schools. For the past year she has been engaged in teaching at Three Lakes, where she first met the groom. She is a young lady possessed of many pleasing qualities which have won for her a large number of friends. Dr. Thorpe has for a year been located at Three Lakes, in this county, where he enjoys a good practice. He has made frequent visits to Rhineland and is known personally to many of our people, all of whom claim him to be a worthy gentleman. Dr. and Mrs. Thorpe will reside at Three Lakes. The good wishes of their many friends go with them.

### Climatic Cures.

The influence of climatic conditions in the cure of consumption is very much overdrawn. The poor patient and the rich patient, too, can do much better at home by proper attention to food digestion, and a regular use of German Syrup. Free expectoration in the morning made certain by German Syrup, so is a good night's rest and the absence of that weakening cough and debility that exhausts due to coughing the greatest danger and dread of the consumptive, can be prevented or stopped by taking German Syrup liberally and regularly. Should you go to a warmer climate, you will find that of the thousands of consumptives there, the few who are benefited and regain strength are those who use German Syrup. Trial bottle 25c; regular size 75c. J. J. Reardon.

### Fall Millinery Opening.

Mrs. Viola Edwards announces to the ladies of Rhineland that her annual fall millinery opening will be held Sept. 28, 29 and 30th. All the season's latest and most novel creations in ladies' hats will be displayed.

### For Sale.

The Fuller House hotel property, furniture, saloon stock and fixtures and everything I own in the city of Rhineland.

F. T. COON.

### Lawler Gains Decision.

In the sixth round of a ten-round boxing contest held here last Wednesday evening at Hillgerman's hall, Geo. Lawler of Milwaukee was given the decision over Jimmie Murphy of San Francisco. Lawler practically had the Californian knocked out when, at the referee's count of ten, Murphy arose groggily to his feet and displayed willingness to continue the battle, his seconds however threw up the sponge. The men are heavyweights, Lawler claiming the championship of the Northwest, while Murphy poses as the Pacific coast champion. It was the first appearance of either men in this city. In the second and third rounds the westerner made his best showing and succeeded in landing some terrific blows, which but for the Milwaukee boy's power of endurance would have easily laid him to the mat. From then on however, Lawler had everything decidedly in his favor and rained blow after blow upon his opponent with telling effect. In point of science both contestants were equally skilled and quick on the guard. Lawler being the longest in reach had one advantage over Murphy. Jack Goulette refereed the match and did so in a fair and impartial manner. The crowd was the largest and most enthusiastic to attend an affair of that kind for some time. Betting before the contest was rather heavy with plenty of Murphy money in sight, the odds being about 10 to 6.

"Paddy" Doyle, a prominent Milwaukee sporting man and a staunch Lawler supporter, was at the ring-side.

### Suicide at Manson.

Word has reached here of the suicide of Thos. Donnersting, a home-steadler residing near Manson, by shooting himself through the head this morning. He was not unknown in Rhineland.

### Notice For Bids.

Bids will be received by the Secretary of the Rhineland School Board, until 12 o'clock noon Oct. 3, 1904, for the following amounts of sound green wood, to be delivered on or before the 1st day of March, 1905, at the different schools as follows:

30 c's 3 ft maple & birch, South Park	40 "	4 ft "	Curran
15 "	4 ft "	"	West Side
15 "	4 ft "	"	McCord Annex
50 "	4 ft "	"	McCord
60 "	4 ft "	"	High School
60 "	4 ft "	"	High School

The Board reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

By order of Committee,  
GUST. SWEDBERG,  
Secretary.

### Many At University.

There will be a small colony of Rhineland young people in attendance at the Wisconsin University at Madison this year. Following are the names of those, as near as we can ascertain, who will enter the institution next Saturday, registration day: Misses Signa Segerstrom, Florence and May Mellae and Webb, Brown, Gerry Browne, Ed. Malore, Arthur Langdon, Douglass Anderson. Of this number all but two were members of the High school graduating class of '04.

### Governor Didn't Appear.

Contrary to his program, Gov. La Follette did not speak in Rhineland Saturday evening. The Governor was at Tomahawk Friday night and addressed an audience at the K. O. T. M. hall. From there he took the train and went back to Madison. It may be that he has cut Rhineland from his list or perhaps to appear here later in the campaign.

### Logging Season Begins.

The month of October will mark the beginning of the logging season in this portion of the state and already large numbers of men are leaving the city daily to commence operations in the pines. The destinations of the majority of these men are Conover and Hackley on the Eagle River branch of the Northwestern, and to the north, Lac du Flambeau, Star Lake and Mercer. Logging concerns will also operate this winter both east and west on the "Soo" line. All lumbermen are looking forward to a successful season.

### For Member of Assembly.

To the Republicans of Iron, Vilas and Oneida Counties:  
I hereby announce that I will be a candidate for assemblyman, before the republican convention of the Assembly District comprising the above named counties. I solicit the support of the republicans irrespective of faction, and promise that if I am nominated and elected that I will at all times give my support to such proposed legislation as is in conformity to the principles in the platform of the republican party, and will use my best effort to fairly represent the interests of the people of my district.

AS-22

JAS. DUNFELLY.



**PISO'S CURE FOR**  
LUNGS WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS  
Rapid Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Cures  
the Throat. Sold by druggists.  
**CONSUMPTION.**



A QUICK RECOVERY.

A Prominent Topeka, Kansas, Dr. Writes to Thank Doan's Kidney Pills for It.

Mrs. C. E. Bangardner, a local office of the Topeka, Kansas, Dr. writes: "I used Doan's Kidney Pills during the past year, for kidney trouble and kindred ailments. I was suffering from pain in the back and head, and found after the use of one box of the remedy that the troubles gradually disappeared so that before I had finished a second package I was well. I therefore, heartily endorse your remedy."

(Signed) Mrs. C. E. Bangardner, 1011 N. 10th St., Topeka, Kan. A FREE TRIAL—Address Foster-McMillan Co., Buffalo, N. Y. For sale by all dealers. Price, 50 cents.

JEST AND JOLLITY.

"Mr. Higgins seems very affectionate toward his wife in public."

Edith—He just proposed last night, and after I accepted him I thought he would never stop kissing me.

Mayme—How nice of him! But thinking that's the way he always does.

"Did you ever hear about that tax collector's hard luck?"

"No. What was it?"

"He called on a mesmerist. She hypnotized him into the back yard and made him beat carpets for five hours."

"Great Scott!" cried the head clerk. "Does it take you four hours to carry a message a mile and return?"

"Why," said the new office boy, "you told me to see how long it would take me to go there and back, and I did it."

"Frankly, madam," said the honest out-fitter, "I wouldn't advise you to take that dress."

"Why not?" asked the woman.

"It doesn't match your complexion," he explained.

"Oh, well," she replied, carelessly. "I can change the complexion."

"I see by this paper that the scientific sharp say that a teller order wash his hands every time he handles money."

said Dodge Work, looking up from the paper he had begged from a passing stranger.

"I allow wash me hands after handling money," said Will Knott Toyle, gazing at his fingers.

"Here is another example of faulty English," said the teacher of the class in rhetoric. "In this essay you have written: 'Her slight broke upon a landscape of entrancing loveliness.' How could her slight 'break upon' a landscape?"

"She might have dropped her eyes!" timidly ventured the young woman who had written the essay.

RACIAL PECULIARITIES.

The Belgians are the greatest potato eaters in the world, and the Irish come second.

There are words in the Chinese language which have as many as 40 different meanings.

Alcoholism is extremely rare in the Italian army. In 1901, the latest for which figures are available, only 25 cases were admitted to the hospitals.

Leather shoes are seldom worn in Algeria by the natives of Arabian descent. Their footwear consists of pieces of camel's hide bound on the feet with thorns, or of sandals of braided twine.

There are 332,000,000 Chinese speaking the same language, making Chinese the most spoken language. There are so many dialects which are so different that they seem scarcely to belong to the same tongue. The inhabitants of Mongolia and Tibet can barely understand the dialect of the people in Peking. Putting Chinese aside, the most spoken languages are as follows, in millions: English, 120; German, 70; Russian, 65; Spanish, 45; Portuguese, 32.

CHANGE FOOD

Some Very Fine Results Follow.

The wrong kind of food will put the body in such a diseased condition that no medicines will cure it. There is no way but to change food. A man in Maine:

"For 2 years I was troubled so with my nerves that sometimes I was prostrated and could hardly ever get in a full month at my work."

"My stomach, back and head would throb so I could get no rest at night except by fits and starts, and always had distressing pains."

"I was quite certain the trouble came from my stomach, but two physicians could not help me and all the tonics failed and so finally I turned to food."

"When I had studied up on food and learned what might be expected from leaving off meat and the regular food I had been living on, I felt that a change to Grape-Nuts would be just what was required, so I went to eating it."

"From the start I got stronger and better until I was well again, and from that time I haven't used a bit of medicine, for I haven't needed any."

"I am so much better in every way, sleep soundly nowdays and am free from the bad dreams. Indeed, this food has made such a great change in me that my wife and daughter have taken it up and we are never without Grape-Nuts on our table nowdays. It is a wonderful sustainer, and we frequently have nothing else at all but a saucer of Grape-Nuts and cream for breakfast or supper." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

Good food and good rest. These are the tonics that succeed where all the bottled tonics and drugs fail. Ten days' trial of Grape-Nuts will show one the road to health, strength and vigor. "There's a reason."

Look in each pkg. for the famous Little Book, "The Road to Wellville."

Notice of General Election.

STATE OF WISCONSIN, ss. DEPARTMENT OF STATE. Notice is hereby given, that at a general election, to be held in the several towns, wards, villages, and cities, and in the several precincts of the State of Wisconsin, on the Tuesday succeeding the first Monday of November, A. D. 1901, the following officers are to be elected, to wit: Thirteen electors of President and Vice President of the United States. A Governor in place of Robert M. La Follette, whose term of office will expire on the first Monday of January, A. D. 1905. A Lieutenant Governor, in place of James O. Davidson, whose term of office will expire on the first Monday of January, A. D. 1905. A Secretary of State, in place of Walter R. House, whose term of office will expire on the first Monday of January, A. D. 1905. A State Treasurer, in place of John W. Thomas, whose term of office will expire on the first Monday of January, A. D. 1905. A Commissioner of Insurance, in place of Zeno M. Host, whose term of office will expire on the first Monday of January, A. D. 1905. A Representative in Congress, in place of the Tenth Congressional District, consisting of the counties of Iron and Vilas, Outagamie, Forest, Florence, Langlade, Lincoln, Shawano, Marathon, Taylor, Price, Ashland and Wood. A State Senator for the Thirtieth

The Man Who Returned from the Under World

By EVELYN MARTIN

I was a sad thing. The local paper, without obvious exaggeration, had called it a tragedy. But they were a truly Christian family, unimaginedly orthodox, and knew how to bring a discreet resignation to their griefs. He had caught a chill in the last week of his honeymoon, and returned home to die after a three-days' illness—three vague, ineffectual days of optimism and unexperienced nursing.

The whole thing was horrible and surprising, and the little bride—19 years old, blue-eyed and sunny—was so stricken with astonishment as to be only half conscious of her misery. She went to the funeral, walking firmly and quietly by her father-in-law. It seemed to her a ceremony more dignified than terrible, for she was unable to conceive of her husband as lying in the coffin which stood, a bejeweled and subsidiary altar, at the chancel steps. Everybody said that the wreaths were beautiful, especially the great circle of white roses which had been sent by the curate's wife. She had written a verse on the card which went with it, for the contributed poetry to the weekly papers sometimes.

The verse rang in the bride's head while the slow ritual of the service went on:

"The happy dead are here: With spirits in the sun, Singing life's cheer Because that life is done."

She said to herself bitterly that it was cruel and unfair that he should be free and joyous on some happy spiritual plane whilst she spent long gray years in the world that had suddenly become uninteresting. He had been so kind, so considerate, so much her own during the fortnight that they had spent together. She missed his ready attention, the exclusive delight which he had in her company, the way that his hand caressed the short bits of hair in her neck. She dared not allow herself to realize that she would never have these things again. The thought hurt her intensely, and she detested pain.

Something in her mind cried out: "O, come back! Come back! I want you!" His death, his vanishing, as she thought of it, sitting in the dark church with her eyes fixed on the white mass of flowers, seemed too monstrous and unnatural to be true.

She cried a little as she walked back across the churchyard and thought of the text which the curate had several times repeated: "So also is the resurrection of the dead. It is sown in corruption; it is raised in incorruption."

Her father-in-law and his two daughters were with her. They all felt a little tired and dull now that the great event was over. They went slowly down the church lane, through the garden gate, up the path still marked with the heavy footprints of the bearers. The dead man was in all their thoughts just then; he had been a great gardener, and had planted a little while before his marriage the lilacs which his bride now brushed with her stiff crepe skirt. In the garden which he had given life to it was difficult to believe in his death. They looked at each other, recognizing between them an added sensation of loss.

And in the porch they found him waiting for them.

Afterward, when they came to talk about it, no one could quite remember what he wore or how he looked. Only he was there, standing in the doorway, as he had been accustomed to stand looking at his flowers after a morning's work at the desk. There was an air of entire reality about it.

His father, to begin with, began to say: "Hello, my boy!" Then he stopped, looked hastily at the others, and hoped they had not heard him.

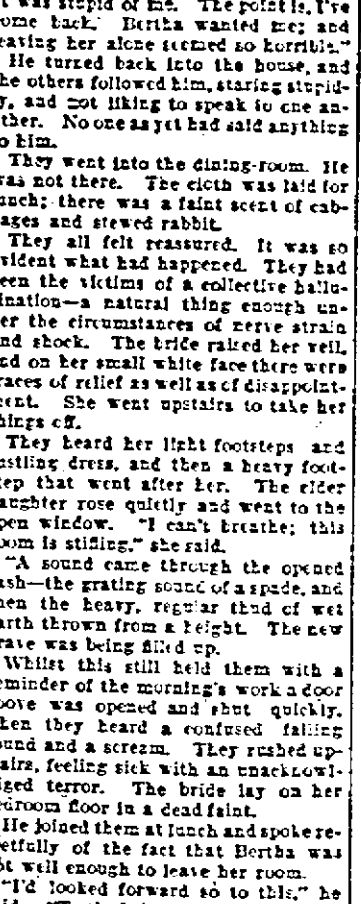
For just a second there was a dead silence. The father heard the watch tick in his waistcoat pocket and the sound of his own strenuous breath. He knew that the three girls were all looking at the figure in the porch. Then the bride gave a little cry. Her husband had stepped towards her, holding out his arms with that boyish gesture of affection which she had always liked so much.

"Bertha, darling, I couldn't leave you!" he said. His voice had the joyful note of a traveler come home.

She turned away from him and gazed herself against her father-in-law, and his face on his sleeve, and began to cry hysterically.

"I'm so sorry," said the young man. "I've started all of you. I thought, somehow, you'd understand when you saw me here; but of course you don't."

A Medley of Modes for Fall



Miss Gannon, Sec'y Detroit Amateur Art Association, tells young women what to do to avoid pain and suffering caused by female troubles.

THE high tide of the fall for 1901 styles is already past in favor of the Louis and Directoire ideas, although it is thought that the 1850 lines will probably be retained through the coming season.

The drooping shoulder effects and sweeping outlines are too attractive to be discarded altogether for modes which are not so graceful. In fact, it is most difficult to prophesy correctly as to what special style will be adopted for the coming styles. With the contradictory information received from all sides it is impossible to arrive at any satisfactory conclusion.

If one were to judge from the extraordinary models which are daily created and held up for our admiration as being exact reproductions of the different periods, it would be necessary to possess an exceptional knowledge in that line to be able to recognize them. In one gown seen recently there were at least three distinctive styles combined, but as the dress was within the limits of good taste, and becoming besides, it mattered little what period it belonged to.

Now a triple skirt, or the diction of 1855, is hemmed with fringe, while the white satin bands embroidered in black silk and outlining the fronts of the petrine and the cuffs of the same embroidered satin headed by lace completing the entire gown.

The new hats are as eccentric as the present time as they were in 1870 days when huge poke bonnets or cabriolets were worn, with their extraordinary decorations of flowers, feathers and streamers. Surely no lady of the time of Louis Philippe ever appeared with a hat more absurd than one seen at a garden party not long ago. It was a massive straw and fitted snugly to the head at the back and pitched forward in such a bewildering way that one was in constant fear of the wearer. One side was rolled very high and trimmed with a huge garland of some kind of mauve flowers. The hat was so strangely balanced on the young woman's head that it looked doubtful whether it would reach home in safety.

The small high crowns are conspicuous among the new hats, which also bear flat crowns. Some very pretty creations were noticed in contrast to the eccentric models. They were made of white crepe de chine, simply trimmed, with a twist of velvet around the crown, or banded with a velvet ribbon fastened in front with a fancy buckle.

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# AN UNEQUALED BARGAIN EVENT

Is what will happen when we have our Fall Opening. We will positively have a better stock than any other store in town and will therefore be able to supply your wants in every respect. advantage to wait and see what the fall opening sale will do for you. Watch next. This will be the greatest merchandise event that ever happened in Rhinelander.

## H. M. BUCK CLOTHING STORE, Formerly RHEINELANDER CLOTHING CO., RHEINELANDER, WIS.

### THE NEW NORTH.

RHEINELANDER PRINTING CO.

C. F. BARNES, Editor and Manager

#### ADVERTISING RATES.

Display Advertisements—For a contract of three months or less, twenty cents per column inch for each insertion. For a Six Months' Contract, fifteen cents per column inch for each insertion. For a Yearly Contract, ten cents per column inch for each insertion. In addition to the above all composition is charged at the rate of three cents per line for each subsequent insertion. All notices will be charged for at regular rates except notices of church services.

#### READING NOTICES.

Reading Notices will be charged at ten cents per line for the first insertion and five cents per line for each subsequent insertion. All notices will be charged for at regular rates except notices of church services.

For President—**THEODORE ROOSEVELT.**  
For Governor—**SAMUEL A. COOK.**  
For Congress, 10th District—**WEBSTER E. BROWN.**  
For State Senator, 50th District—**JAMES A. WRIGHT.**

#### Republican Assembly Candidates.

Notice is hereby given that a Republican Convention of the Republican electors of the county of Oneida, is hereby called to meet at the Court House in the city of Rhinelander, on Tuesday, October 4th, A. D. 1904, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon of that day for the following purposes:

To elect nine (9) delegates to represent Oneida County in the Republican Assembly Convention to be held in the city of Rhinelander, Wednesday, Oct. 5th, 1904.

The candidates in the several wards, towns and villages in said county shall be held Saturday, October 1st, for the purpose of electing delegates to the above named county convention. The hours for holding said caucuses shall be from 7 to 9 o'clock p.m. in the several wards in the city of Rhinelander, and from 2 to 4 o'clock p.m. in all other towns and villages in Oneida County.

Said caucuses shall be held at the places designated below respectively, at which said caucuses, each caucus district will elect the number of delegates not opposite the same to represent said caucus district in said county convention, as follows, to-wit:

Garden, Town hall.	1
Menomonie, Town hall.	1
Hawthorn, Town hall.	1
Newbold, Town hall.	1
Pelican, Town hall.	1
Schoepke, Town hall.	1
Sugar Camp, Tripp's school house.	1
Woodbury, Mill office.	1
Canadian, Post office.	1
Five Lake, School and home.	1
Crowest, Crowest school house.	1
Lysane, Scott school house, lot No. 4.	1
Rhinelander, 1st ward, home house.	1
2d ward, Brown's boarding house.	1
3d ward, Taylor's factory.	1
4th ward, Home house.	1
5th ward, Opposite Rapids house.	1
6th ward, C. O. D. Store.	1

Dated this 20th day of September, 1904.  
By order of Republican County Committee,  
E. O. BROWN, Chairman.  
F. E. PARKER, Secretary.

#### Assembly District Convention.

A Republican Assembly Convention for the Assembly District composed of Oneida, Vilas and Iron Counties is hereby called to convene at the Court House, Rhinelander, Wis., on Wednesday, the 5th day of October, 1904, at 3 o'clock p.m., for the purpose of placing in nomination candidates to represent the said district to be elected at the general election to be held November 8th, 1904.

The basis of representation to said Convention will be one delegate for each two hundred (200) votes, or major fraction thereof, cast for President at the general election in 1900, and will be as follows:

Counties	Delegates
Oneida County	1,002
Vilas County	1,204
Iron County	1,314

Dated hereby, Wis., Sept. 2, 1904.  
W. S. ESTABROOK,  
Chm. Rep. Assembly Com.

#### The Skylark.

Skylarks are rather prolific birds, having two broods in the year, and often laying as many as five eggs, though four is the usual number. The nest is so difficult to find that it is practically never discovered except by accident, as when, for instance, the hayfields are mown, or what is being hoveled. The bird very seldom nests near the margin of a field, where it might be put off its nest by passersby. On the shores of the North sea skylarks will nest in the "bents" and "marram" close to the edge of the sand hills, though they have to fetch food to their young from a considerable distance. There is always something very pleasing in the sight of a lark's nest. It is usually sunk in a hollow, and unlike the nests of many ground building birds, is most carefully made, the cup being deep and perfectly circular, and lined with very fine grasses, though the outer part is made of rough, dead bents, and often of a most irregular shape in order to fill up the hole in which it is made.—London Spectator.

### ODD MOON BELIEFS.

The Orb of Night as Food For the Immortal Gods.

Certain it is that a belief in the moon as the abode of the fathers was widely spread among the people speaking the Aryan languages. To the present day the peasants in Swabia are heard to say, "May I go to the moon if I did it." Instead of "May I die if I did it." Nay, people who work on the Sabbath day are threatening even now that they will go to the moon—that is, that they will die and be punished in the moon.

A more startling idea—peculiar, it would seem, to India—was that of the moon serving as the food of the gods. And yet, though it sounds strange to us, it was not so very unnatural an idea after all. The gods, though invisible, had been located in the sky. In the same sky the golden moon, often compared to a round of polished butter, was seen regularly to decrease. And if it were being consumed by anybody by whom could it be consumed if not by the gods? Hence the ready conclusion that it was so and that it was, in fact, this food which secured to the gods their immortal life.

If so much had once been granted, then came the question, How was the moon gradually increased and restored to its fullness? And here the old superstition came in that the souls of the departed entered the moon, so that the waxing of the moon might readily be accounted for by this more ancient article of faith. Hence the systematic belief that the moon waxes while it is being eaten by the gods and that it waxes while it is being filled by the departed souls entering it. A last conclusion was that the gods when feeding on the moon were really feeding on the souls of the departed.

### TOMB OF CONFUCIUS.

One of the Chief Spots of Interest in the Orient.

The city of Chufu-shan, the Mecca of the believers in Confucianism, is in the province of Shantung, one of the most populous districts of the Orient. Here Confucius was born, and here his sacred bones lie buried. The tomb, which is located in one of the largest cemeteries in the province, about three miles from the city above mentioned, is one of the most imposing in the whole empire.

The grave itself is surmounted by an earth mound about twelve feet in height, the whole surrounded by a cluster of gnarled oaks and stately cypress trees. Before the mound is a tablet about six feet broad and twenty feet high, upon which are inscribed the names and deeds of the great founder of Confucianism, a religion adhered to by over 400,000,000 human beings. The burden of this inscription, according to reliable translation, is "Perfect One, Absolutely Pure," "Perfect Sage," "First Teacher," "Great Philosopher," etc.

The avenue which leads up to the philosopher's tomb is even more interesting than the actual place of burial itself. On each side of the avenue are rows of figures of huge animals cut in stone—lions, tigers, elephants and horses, besides numerous mythical creatures, such as animals half dog and half bear, leopards with four legs and twice as many wings, besides a multitude of unnamable monsters that never lived on the earth, in the water or in the air. Taken altogether, the burial place of Confucius is one of the chief spots of interest in the Orient.

### C. & N.-W. R'y Time Tables

**SOUTH BOUND DEPART.**  
No. 14—5:25 a. m. Daily, except Sunday.  
No. 2—10:45 a. m. Daily, except Sunday.  
No. 4—11:25 p. m. Daily.  
No. 20—4:15 p. m. Daily, except Sunday.  
No. 22—4:45 p. m. Daily, except Sunday.  
**NORTH BOUND ARRIVE.**  
No. 5—11:25 p. m. Daily, except Sunday.  
No. 11—2:25 a. m. Daily, except Sunday.  
No. 11—2:25 a. m. Daily, except Sunday.  
No. 31—2:50 p. m. Daily, except Sunday.  
No. 23—9:05 a. m. Way freight, D. ex. San Jose 25, 1904. W. C. FINE, AGENT.

### NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR, LAND OFFICE AT WASH., D. C.

August 13, 1904.  
Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the clerk of Circuit Court at Rhinelander, Wis., on September 24, 1904, viz: Charles E. Hall, land of Rhinelander, Wis., who made homestead entry No. 10259 for the NW 1/4 Sec. 34, Tp. 26, N. E. 9, E.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Mason Miller, E. M. Lewis, Jay Miller, Ed. Smith, all of Rhinelander, Wis., and John W. Miller, Register, at 14-5222.

### NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR, LAND OFFICE AT WASH., D. C.

August 20, 1904.  
Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the clerk of Circuit Court at Rhinelander, Wis., on October 15, 1904, viz: William Hester, of Rhinelander, Wis., who made homestead entry No. 10259 for the NW 1/4 Sec. 27, Tp. 27, N. E. 10, E.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Stephen Hester, Charles A. Quinn, Andrew Hester, E. E. Tully, all of Rhinelander, Wis., and John W. Miller, Register, at 14-5222.

### IN CIRCUIT COURT, ONEIDA COUNTY.

Stevens Lumber Company, a corporation, Plaintiff, vs. E. E. Thompson, Defendant.

The State of Wisconsin—To the said defendant: You are hereby summoned to appear within twenty days after service of this summons, exclusive of the day of service, and to defend the action, and in case of your failure to do so, judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint, which is filed in the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court of Oneida County, Wisconsin.

Witness my hand and the seal of said Court, this 2nd day of September, 1904.  
L. J. BILLINGS, Co. Judge.

### IN PROBATE, ONEIDA COUNTY COURT.

In the matter of the estate of Esther E. Newell, deceased.

Notice is hereby given that the following named executor of the last will and testament of the estate of Esther E. Newell, deceased, for the adjustment and allowance of his administration account, and the assignment of the residue of said estate to the person by law entitled to the same: That said account be examined, adjusted and allowed at a regular term of said Court to be held at the Court House in Rhinelander in said County on the 15th day of October, 1904.

It is further ordered, that upon the adjournment and allowance of such account by this Court as aforesaid, the residue of said estate, to be by the further order and judgment of the Court assigned to such as are by law entitled to the same.

It is further ordered, that notice of the time and place of the examination and allowance of said account and of the assignment of the residue of said estate be given to all persons interested, by publication of this order for three successive weeks, before said day, in the New North, a weekly newspaper published at Rhinelander in said County.

Dated Sept. 7, 1904.  
By the Court,  
L. J. BILLINGS, Co. Judge.

### IN PROBATE, ONEIDA COUNTY COURT.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR, LAND OFFICE AT WASH., D. C.

September 20, 1904.  
Notice is hereby given that at a special term of the County Court to be held in and for said County at the Court House in Rhinelander, on the 15th day of October, 1904, at 10 o'clock, a. m., the following matter will be heard and considered: The petition of Charles S. O'Connell for the appointment of himself as administrator of the estate of John J. O'Connell, deceased.

Dated September 15, 1904.  
L. J. BILLINGS, County Judge, at Rhinelander, Wis.

### NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR, LAND OFFICE AT WASH., D. C.

September 20, 1904.  
Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the clerk of Circuit Court at Rhinelander, Wis., on October 20, 1904, viz: John J. O'Connell, of Rhinelander, Wis., who made homestead entry No. 10259 for the NW 1/4 Sec. 27, Tp. 27, N. E. 10, E.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: John J. O'Connell, Charles A. Quinn, Andrew Hester, E. E. Tully, all of Rhinelander, Wis., and John W. Miller, Register, at 14-5222.

### IN CIRCUIT COURT, ONEIDA COUNTY.

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The State of Wisconsin—To the said defendant: You are hereby summoned to appear within twenty days after service of this summons, exclusive of the day of service, and to defend the action, and in case of your failure to do so, judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint, which is filed in the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court of Oneida County, Wisconsin.

Witness my hand and the seal of said Court, this 2nd day of September, 1904.  
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It is further ordered, that upon the adjournment and allowance of such account by this Court as aforesaid, the residue of said estate, to be by the further order and judgment of the Court assigned to such as are by law entitled to the same.

It is further ordered, that notice of the time and place of the examination and allowance of said account and of the assignment of the residue of said estate be given to all persons interested, by publication of this order for three successive weeks, before said day, in the New North, a weekly newspaper published at Rhinelander in said County.

Dated Sept. 7, 1904.  
By the Court,  
L. J. BILLINGS, Co. Judge.

### Training School for Nurses.

THE MILWAUKEE COUNTY HOSPITAL TRAINING SCHOOL FOR NURSES

(Incorporated under Laws of the State of Wisconsin.)

Offers a superior course of training in nursing to bright ambitious young women between the ages of 20 and 25 years, who desire to acquire the profession of nursing. Monthly examinations, including free board and tuition. For announcements, etc., address: Training School for Nurses, Milwaukee County Hospital, Milwaukee, Wis.

### YOU DON'T NEED A THERMOMETER IN THE WASH TUB

GALVANIC SOAP will wash clothes in water at any temperature. There are no puzzling directions to follow. Use it for the laundry according to any method you are accustomed to and it will accomplish twice the results of an ordinary soap.

GALVANIC is a modern soap, pure white, absolutely free from Rosin and other adulterants, the product of scientific experiment and 40 years' experience in soap-making. A trial will convince you that it is rightly named, "The FAMOUS EASY WASHER."

### BUY YOUR SHOES AT A SHOE STORE

—AT—

A. Shauder's Shoe Store

144-48 S. Brown St. Rhinelander, Wis.

No shoddy leather and all made up in first-class shape by well known reputable manufacturers. Boys' Shoes 1.00 and up. Men's Shoes 1.25 and up

When you see the Moon over your left shoulder, It's a lucky look—

but a better look, still, will be to come in and see our new Spring Line of Cloths for Suits and Overcoats.

All the Season's New Patterns

Can be seen at the establishment of

A. C. DANIELSON, Tailor

PRICES EASY ON THE POCKET.

280 Brown Street, RHINELANDER, WIS.

L. Emmerling.

FRESH AND SALT MEATS,

FISH AND GAME.

Orders by Telephone promptly filled. We deliver to any part of the city

HEADQUARTERS

—FOR—

Fruits of All Kinds

GOLDEN RUSSETT ORANGES

JUST IN.

FULL LINE OF THE

FAMOUS "FERNDELL CANNED GOODS."

C. E. VESSEY & SON.

### PHYSICIANS

J. M. HOGAN, Physician and Surgeon.

Office: 215 BROWN ST. Telephone: 224

T. P. McINDOE, Physician and Surgeon.

Office: Corner Brown and Davenport Streets

T. R. WELCH, Physician and Surgeon.

Office: over Frank & Wood's Hardware Store Rhinelander, Wis.

H. L. GARNER, Physician and Surgeon.

Office in Merchants State Bank Building, Rhinelander, Wis.

C. H. O'CONNOR, DENTIST.

Office: Corner Stevens and Davenport St. Over Hest's store.

ATTORNEYS.

S. H. ALBAN, Attorney at Law.

Collections promptly attended to. Office in Merchants State Bank building

S. S. MILLER, Attorney at Law.

Collections promptly attended to. Office over First National Bank

L. J. BILLINGS, Attorney and Counselor.

Rhinelander, Wis.

A. W. SHELTON, Attorney at Law.

Special attention paid to homestead law and contests. Rhinelander

PAUL BROWNE, Attorney at Law.

Collections Rhinelander, Wis.

VanVoorhees & Newsome

RHINELANDER, WIS.

Cement and Concrete Work

—OF ALL KINDS—

Sidewalks, Floors, Curbs, Steps, Etc.

All work guaranteed. Orders left at Geo. Jewell's Music Store, No. 3 W. Davenport st. will receive prompt attention.

THE OWL SALOON,

COFFEY BROS., Props.

FINE WINES, LIQUORS

AND CIGARS.

LUNCH ROOM IN CONNECTION.

Meals at All Hours. Rhinelander, Wis.

REV. SISTER MARGARET

Foundress, Superior, Proprietress,

Saint Augustine's Hospital

Minocqua, . . . Wisconsin.

HOTEL GAGEN

GAGEN, WIS.

HUGO MEISWINKEL, Proprietor.

Rates \$1.00 per day.

First-class Accommodations.

HOTEL ALPINE,

Jas. McGowan, Prop.

Rates, \$1.00 PER DAY

First-Class Accommodations.

Use Elevator north of North-Western Depot Rhinelander.

Chamberlain's Cough Remedy Dispensary

by Harnless.

Every mother should know that

Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is per-

fectly safe for children to take. It

contains nothing harmful and for

coughs, colds and croup is unsur-

passed. For sale by Anderle & Hin-

man.







Niagara's rushing waters and the terrible roar of the falls, Lake Ontario, an Indian village, and Pan-American Exposition buildings are all skillfully depicted in Rowland & Clifford's magnificent scenic production, "The Niagara Falls," which will be shown in this city Monday evening, Sept. 25. It is the only play in the city which, especially at the head of the house, is shown over the Horseshoe Falls. The scenic effects of this play are grand. Those who have visited the great Niagara will appreciate the wonderful reproduction of the falls all the more, while those who have not been so fortunate as to become acquainted with the monarch of the cataracts can form an idea of its magnitude and grandeur. In order to be sure of a full house the prices have been reduced from \$1 to 50 cents.

**Settle.**  
The assessment roll of the city of Rhinelander for the year 1904, is now in my hands and open to the public for inspection. The Board of Review has now adjourned until September 29th at 9 a.m., at which time anyone dissatisfied with their assessment may appear before said board and be heard in regard to same.  
Dated this 15th day of Sept., 1904.  
Gus. Swadlow,  
City Clerk.

**Millionaire's Poor Stomach.**  
The worn-out stomach of the over-fed millionaire is often paraded in public prints as a horrible example of the evils attendant on the possession of great wealth. But millionaires are not the only ones who are afflicted with bad stomachs. The proportion is far greater among the toilers. Dyspepsia and indigestion are rampant among these people, and they suffer far worse tortures than the millionaire unless they avail themselves of a standard medicine like Green's August Flower which has been a favorite household remedy for all stomach troubles for over thirty-five years. August Flower cures the torpid liver, thus creating appetite and ensuring perfect digestion. It tones and vitalizes the entire system and makes life worth living, no matter what your station. Trial bottle 25c; regular size 75c. J. J. Reardon.

**GRAND OPERA HOUSE**  
MONDAY SEPT. 26  
Rowland and Clifford's Gigantic Scenic Production  
**Over Niagara Falls**  
If you have never seen the Falls, here is your chance. Imagination surpasses realism.  
A picturesque, elaborate and perfect presentation of a thrilling and powerful play.  
PRICES, 25c, 35c, and 50c.

**J. R. McDONALD,**  
Boot & Shoe Repairing.  
Rubber Heels and Soles Applied.  
WORK GUARANTEED SATISFACTORY  
Driving and Cruising Boots and Shoes Made to Order.  
CHARGES REASONABLE.  
Opposite Fall House, Stevens Street, Rhinelander, Wis.

**LAW, REAL ESTATE, LOANS, INSURANCE.**  
The above lines are covered at the agency of  
**PAUL BROWNE.**

**Christ. Roepcke,**  
MANUFACTURER OF  
Heavy and Light Harness,  
Prices from \$25 to \$125, strictly based on cost.  
MACHINE MADE HARNESS ALSO FOR SALE.  
REPAIRING NEATLY DONE  
DAVENPORT STREET

**STAGE LINE**  
RHINELANDER TO ROBBINS (TRIPPS) REGULAR TRIP WEEKLY.  
TUESDAYS, THURSDAYS AND SATURDAYS.  
Leave Rhinelander Postoffice 2:30 p.m.  
Leave Robbins 7:20 a. m.  
JOHN TOMTSHAK, Prop.

**Bits of Local Gossip**

C. R. Cross was in Milwaukee, Friday.  
Ray Evans of Ironwood, Mich., attended the dance here last Thursday evening.  
Miss Mary Morgan of Bandy visited several days of the week with local relatives.  
Gay O'Keefe of Butternut, this state, has come here to work in one of the saw mills.  
Mr. and Mrs. F. A. Jackson of this city visited last week with F. A. Van Gelder and family in Merrill.  
Mr. and Mrs. Frank Sawtelle will spend the fall at Stella where he is in charge of logging operations.  
Miss Mae Converse of Danville, Ill., attended the Converse home wedding in this city last Wednesday evening.  
Ernest Henning went to Weyauwega, Tuesday morning to spend a week at his home and incidentally take in the Wausau county fair.  
Seth Morrison is spending the week in Weyauwega before leaving for Spooner to commence his duties with the American Express Company.  
Mrs. A. E. Weesner departed last Thursday night for her old home in Syracuse, N. Y., to make an extended visit with her parents and friends.  
John McParilla of Oshkosh was in Rhinelander this week in the interests of the Menasha Woodmenware Co., for which concern he is their woodsman.  
L. B. Blackman and wife of Appleton are in Rhinelander in the interests of the F. R. A. The local lodge of that order was instituted by them last summer.  
Miss Ella Murphy of Merrill and Miss Birdie Rodden of Antigo returned to their homes Friday morning after a brief visit here with their friend, Miss Lydia Green.  
M. H. Thompson and wife of Rhinelander were here Tuesday and Wednesday. Mr. Thompson will do the buying for the Johnson-Human Lumber Co. at this place—Advance, Three Lakes.  
Master Thomas Hagan recently fell from the back of a shell and pony while riding, and in striking the ground badly sprained his right arm. The injury, while painful, will result in nothing serious.  
Mr. and Mrs. Thos. McDermott, Mrs. Wm. Whitty, Mrs. Owen Ryan and Miss Mary Morgan made a party who drove to Bandy last Friday morning and spent the day with Mr. and Mrs. P. Morgan.  
Masford Taggart of late in the employ of the Standard Mercantile Co. at Tomahawk, has assumed the management of the Worden Lumber Company's general store at Bandy. Mr. Taggart's family will live in Bandy.  
Isaac Stephenson, the Marinette millionaire, has presented Miss Gertrude Sawyer, the Menominee girl who recently piloted a party of children safely through a storm on Green Bay, in a row boat, with a watch and chain.  
Miss Rose Miller of Milwaukee was the guest of P. F. Selig and family in this city over Sunday, while on her way to visit relatives in North Crandon. The young lady holds the position as stenographer with the Miller Brewing Co.  
With the issue of Tuesday, Sept. 13, the Antigo Journal entered upon its seventh year. As a newspaper, the Journal ranks with the best in the state. That the sheet may continue to exist and prosper as well as in the past, is the wish of the New North.  
Fred McDill is now in charge of the American Express Company's wagon, having taken up the work Monday morning. Fred is a bright, bustling young man who will be worthy of any promotion that might come his way while in the company's employ.  
C. W. Lelaman showed us a potato last Saturday that he raised on his place in the Fourth ward, that weighed but 1 1/2 ounces less than two pounds, and sold to the core. It was just an ordinary variety, purchased from the store, but it proved the fertility of the soil just the same.—Merrill Star.

Gold enough for November these days.  
John Dorr made a business trip to Antigo yesterday.  
Ang. Richter of Milwaukee was in the city, Tuesday.  
Ben to Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Thompson on his Tuesday, Sept. 12.  
Miss Lucy S. Schick, sister of J. O. Schick, returned from a business trip to Chicago, Tuesday.  
C. W. Case of H. Rappaport, Antigo, transferred to his new home in Merrill, Tuesday.  
Wm. W. Carr was in Milwaukee and other state points several days of last week.  
W. S. Manning and C. J. Lamb of Ladysmith were business callers here this week.  
Attorney C. B. Ryckman was in Wausau on business at the land office Tuesday.  
J. M. Scott of Tripoli, west on the "Soo" line, was in the city the first of the week.  
Mrs. Staryl Ferris left yesterday morning to visit with her husband at Pelican Lake.  
Jos. Trumbull's confinement, by his home on Third street, suffering from an abscess in the ear.  
S. N. Woodruff of Gladstone, Mich., with the "Soo" line, was in the city the first of the week.  
Miss Lillian Clotier of this city has taken charge of a large class in music at La Crosse. She is a native of La Crosse.  
Mrs. C. P. Poirer and son Bert and wife were at Antigo yesterday in attendance at the Langlade county fair.  
Willson's harp orchestra will give a musical at J. P. Hansen's clothing store Saturday evening from 7:30 to 9:30.  
Homer C. Bliss, one of the Yankee Lumber Company's old employees, is down this week from a visit with the boys.  
The Misses Anna Krueger and Emily Akerst of Merrill have been visiting with friends in the city this week.  
Miss O'Leary of Wausau has accepted a position as saleslady at Spafford & Cole's, filling Miss Pope's vacancy.  
Ray Stark has returned from Merrill where he attended the Lincoln county fair. He reports it not a bit better than Onondaga county's annual exhibition.  
Mr. and Mrs. O. E. Palmer and child left Wednesday for Wausau where they intend to reside for a definite time. He will play with the orchestra there.  
The following Rhinelander gentlemen went to Antigo this forenoon to see the race: F. E. Parker, E. T. Doon, D. F. Becker, Dr. T. R. Welch and Vano Jones.  
The formal possession of all the church property in the Roman Catholic diocese of Green Bay has been transferred by deed from Archbishop Messmer to Bishop Fox.  
Wm. Alley, the man who narrowly escaped death in a sewer cave in a few weeks ago, has gone to the southern part of the state to visit relatives and recuperate.  
Miss Marie Quinlan has returned from Chicago where she spent some time studying the latest styles in fall and winter dress-making. She will reopen her parlors Monday.  
Mary—Sponge, the plump with warm water. You need a blood tonic would advise you to take Holister's Rocky Mountain Tea. It drives away all impurities. Teas, Tea or tablet form. J. J. Reardon.  
Herman Carlick, a Vernon county farmer residing near Virgo, was in the city Saturday on his way to North Crandon, near where, we are informed, he owns large timber holdings.  
Mr. and Mrs. S. G. Tuttle returned from their eastern visit Saturday morning. They were accompanied by a niece, Miss Mabel Dowler, of Erie, Pa., who will remain several months.  
The Langlade county fair is in progress this week at Antigo and is being attended by several Rhinelanderites. It is reported to be the best fair ever held in that county. Nearly 600 head of horses were entered in the races.  
Edward Keenan, youngest son of James Keenan, expects to leave the last of this month for Syracuse, N. Y., where he will enter a seminary to study for the priesthood. Ed was born and raised in Rhinelander and since a child has always taken a deep interest in church affairs. That he may succeed in his chosen vocation is the wish of his friends.  
George Loomis, an old man living near Elcho, was accidentally shot and killed by Wm. Abraham, while hunting last Friday. The two men were company with Loomis' son started out together but later the three became separated. Abraham heard some noise in the underbrush and thinking it to be a porcupine, raised his rifle and fired. Walking into the brush he discovered the dead body of Loomis, a bullet hole in his hip. Abraham was at once placed under arrest. He was brought before Judge Martin at Antigo, charged with murder, but the case was continued until Sept. 27.

Albert State Sundayed at his home in Antigo.  
Frank Stransky was in Weyauwega, Friday.  
Frank Hans and wife have returned from Wausau.  
Dr. and Mrs. Thompson left Tuesday morning for Three Lakes.  
Steve Sullivan has been down from State Line during the week.  
John Remo of the Fashion restaurant was in Merrill, Saturday.  
Harry Shepard of Beaver Dam was in the city Saturday and Sunday.  
Oscar Robben was fishing in the neighborhood of Elcho this week.  
Thomas McCormick was down from Hazelhurst to spend the Sabbath.  
Miss Ruth Morrison has returned from a visit with Ironwood relatives.  
Mr. and Mrs. Joe Sharon are the parents of a ten pound girl-born Saturday.  
Harry Johnston spent Sunday with his wife who is visiting relatives in Ironwood.  
Miss Alice Shea of Merrill was at Mercer this week visiting at her father's camp.  
A healthy baby boy was born unto Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Newe, Woodboro residents, Sept. 10.  
Leo Scholtz, a North side man, is a victim of typhoid fever and has the disease in a severe form.  
Miss Lydia Green, one of the sales ladies at Cruse's, was numbered among the sick this week.  
W. D. Joslin is suffering from a severe attack of quinsy, although he has not been confined to the house.  
Miss Stone has resigned his position as night clerk at the Rapids House. L. O. Sawyer succeeds him.  
Mrs. F. A. H. Rickard and Mrs. John Tarnas departed yesterday morning on a short visit to Milwaukee.  
Frank Merrill, Jas. McDermott and Joe Crowe, who have been up north in the fall timber for several weeks, returned to the city Saturday.  
Winfield Coffey spent several days of the week the guest of his sister, Mrs. A. Linchow at Tomahawk. He left Tuesday for Marinette where he takes a course at a business college.  
M. L. Goodell and wife of the town of Newbold have been summoned to appear as witnesses in the Federal Court at La Crosse, next Tuesday. In the case of the United States vs. A. Melton.  
Bert Steadman was at Gladstone, Mich., Saturday in quest of a position in the train service of the "Soo" railway company. He met with some encouragement and ere long expects to again assume the role of "brakey".  
A tea pound baby girl was born to Mr. and Mrs. Jesse Seguire at the home of John Murphy in the city Monday afternoon. Papa is up at State Line but has been notified of the joyous happening and is expected down on any train.  
Nellie Fuhr, Denver—"My face was full of pimples and black-heads. Holister's Rocky Mountain Tea has driven them away. People hardly know me. I'm looking fine." 35 cents. Tea or tablets.  
J. J. Reardon.  
We understand a movement is on foot to establish a nine o'clock closing rule among grocery and clothing men. This would necessarily result in all stores keeping open an hour later each evening. The movement is wholly unreasonable and should be flatly turned down.  
Walter E. Griffin, who was killed last Sunday by a Northwestern train at Fond du Lac, was the oldest son of Martin Griffin of Stevens Point, a timber estimator and woodsman well known in Rhinelander. The young man spent some time last winter at Gazen with his father, who was foreman there for the Hat-Pan Lumber Co.  
Ben Moran, a prominent young Stevens Point, spent last Thursday and Friday in this city the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Pat Johnson on King street. For the past three years Ben has held a fat position with H. D. McCulloch & Co., Stevens Point's big mercantile concern. He was on his annual vacation and was "doing" the state, coming here from Chippewa Falls. He returned home Saturday morning.  
Messrs. Lytle and Lind are still doing a splendid business with their kiosk and this week are exhibiting a set of views which are proving decided "hits" such as the dog show and the great daylight robbery. Ladies are also beginning to recognize the attraction as worthy of attendance as a large number patronize the shows each evening. The views to be seen next week will be Holister Brown and his dog Tike, picturing the dolage of this funny pair, true to life, as illustrated in the Sunday newspapers.  
Dr. P. B. Stewart attended the Northern Wisconsin fair at Chippewa Falls last week and pronounced it a grand exhibition. The excellent agricultural and livestock displays and the fine program of races, placed it almost on an equal with the State Fair at Milwaukee. On an average of 10,000 people were on the grounds each day. One thing which served to mar the pleasure of the occasion was the gang of thieves and pickpockets who worked the crowds. Dr. Stewart, says that for himself he can enter no complaint, considering it fortunate to escape with only the loss of a brand new fifty dollar overcoat.

**A MATTER OF HEALTH**  
**ROYAL BAKING POWDER**  
Absolutely Pure  
HAS NO SUBSTITUTE

Miss Orpha Egloff is in Wausau visiting friends.  
Wm. Wells returned Saturday from a visit at Merrill.  
Game warden Martin Benz, was in Eagle River last Thursday.  
\$5.00 shoes for \$1.00; \$2.00 shoes for \$1.50 at J. P. Hansen's, cyclone sale.  
Mrs. S. Ablich of Three Lakes was an over Sunday visitor in Rhinelander.  
Miss Mabel Seiver, who graduated this year from the Merrill High school, is teaching near this city.  
Mr. and Mrs. Francis Coleman were over from Eagle River yesterday. They made the journey in the Coleman auto.  
It's a hummer. The cyclone sale beginning today at J. P. Hansen's, is the greatest sale ever held in Rhinelander. Read prices on last page.  
Dr. C. A. Richards has located with us lately and has associated himself with Dr. Daniels at No. 12 Davenport street. Telephone call No. 122.  
Ed. Rogers of Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., shook hands with Rhinelander friends yesterday. Ed is now traveling for the Oshkosh Mill & Elevator Co., and doing lots of business for that well known concern.  
Rev. A. G. Wilson will preach on the "New Uses of the Bible" next Sunday morning. The Junior church services will be held in the evening. Sermonette by Gladys Hart with special music by the Junior choir.  
Geo. A. Rumsey and Walter Winchester of Grand Rapids, Mich., were in town this week. These gentlemen are largely interested in hemlock and hardwood timber on Turtle river where they are preparing to build a saw mill.

The "Hoosier Girl" with Kate Watson in the star role and Gus Cohan as the funny German, which was given at the opera house Tuesday evening, was one of the cleverest bits of acting and fun-making that has been given for several months.  
W. D. Kollock, of Wausau spent Tuesday in our city in the interest of the Standard Oil Company. Oil will hereafter be brought over to our merchants from Rhinelander with an oil tank by Robt. Briggs, instead of shipping the oil here in barrels.—Eagle News.  
Ernest Keppler, who for a number of years has held a responsible position with the Wood Lumber Co. at Woodboro, is making a visit to his old home in Germany. This is his first visit for eighteen years and he anticipates an enjoyable three months' stay.  
Westward the orb of glory takes its way, Wisconsin is the state, you hear every body say, It's made itself famous by one great stride; Rocky Mountain Tea has made its name world wide.  
J. J. Reardon.  
B. C. Curtis, the balloonist, has returned to the city after a six months exhibition tour of the west. While away he made nearly one hundred ascensions at parks, fairs, and street carnivals. His act made a big hit with the westerners especially in Montana where many of the people had never before seen a balloon. The season was a very profitable one for him.

**Calumet Baking Powder**  
The only high grade Baking Powder made at a moderate price.

When making your Fall improvements you will find one or more rooms in need of  
**WALL PAPER**  
The place to secure up to date designs and handsome patterns is at the store of  
**J. J. REARDON**  
DRUGGIST  
RHINELANDER - WISCONSIN

**BIG JO FLOUR**  
25 pound sacks, 50 pound sacks and 100 pound sacks.  
There is no better flour made in the country than BIG JO. A trial will convince you of its worth.  
WE ALSO HANDLE THE  
General Sheridan Uncolored Jaan Tea and Flint's Pex Coffee, also Fresh Vegetables and Fruit.  
**J. N. WHITE**

**A DISCRIMINATING MAN**  
always learns which is the best when it comes to drinking beer. Pure beer is a tonic and an invigorator. The sedative properties of hops combined with the healthful qualities of malt makes it a food as well as a tonic and nerve medicine. When you need something for an appetizer or nerve soother, try Rhinelander beer.  
TRY OUR MALT TONIC. IT BUILDS YOU UP.  
RHINELANDER BREWING CO.

**BUILDING MATERIAL**  
We are now in better shape than ever to furnish you with anything in the line of  
**Eastern Atlas Cement**  
and have just received a fresh supply.  
**Best Cement Made**  
Call on us before placing your order for your winter's supply of Coal.  
**J. H. QUEAL & CO.**  
Call up 'Phone 72.

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From a Pencil to a Text Book can be secured at the store of  
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## NEW NORTH.

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Minister Barrett wants Americans to keep away from Russia. The jobs are given out at Washington.

With 2,000 men killed in one battle the Uruguay revolution promises to rise to the dignity of a real war.

A Missouri preacher has stated that he will resign unless his salary is reduced. He should be secured as a fake attraction.

A St. Louis newspaper reporter left an estate of \$75,541, but then he was a newsboy for some years before he became a reporter.

Excessive automobile production has caused a depression, so the doctors say. Excessive dodging produced automobile long ago.

The law is to be put upon common sense in New Jersey, and the country is on tiptoe to see if the hens can do it at the price.

Two Texas negroes have just celebrated their ninety-second wedding anniversary. They are looking forward to a happy old age together.

Uncle Sam has just begun to pay the prize money won by American sailors in the battle of Manila, say, six years ago. This is a case of sure but slow.

Lipton is bound to prove that Great Britain can beat the United States at the racing game, even if he has to get an American designer to build the boat to suit.

So long as the custom of holding September elections endures Maine and Vermont can count on attracting national attention once every four years, anyhow.

The United States ship Nero, while on the Honolulu-Manila cable survey, got "soundings" of 5,263 fathoms, only 66 feet less than six miles. That is a place for people who cannot swim.

Not a particle of news is sent out from Tokyo until it is known to be a fact. Americans would never submit to that; they demand all the rumors and scribbles as soon as they can be had.

The Texas mosquito is fast approaching the pinnacle of fame attained by the New Jersey pest as a man eater. One woman is insane and two children dead at El Paso from its poisonous bites.

A life Brooklyn hotel has given notice to move to all guests who don't take their meals in the hotel restaurant. With a rule like that the hotel ought to provide free dyspepsia tablets with each room.

Gen. Fenton is to have headquarters at Chicago, on the banks of a river by the same name. There are those who don't believe he can swim that river, though he may not find the walking so very bad.

For the first time since he renounced his American citizenship, William Waldorf Astor is paying a visit to New York. He will be surprised to find how the country has prospered since he cruelly abandoned it to its fate.

Senator Platoroff, the czar's new minister of the interior, has jumped suddenly from obscurity to fame. If the fate of former ministers of the interior furnishes an indication, he will be apt to jump as suddenly out again.

The hackmen of Brooklyn are making war on one another and prices for funeral hacks have been cut to such low figures that it almost seems a shame for the old folks there not to take advantage of their present opportunity.

The palace of peace, for which Andrew Carnegie has provided funds, is to be erected at Scheveningen. Anyone who has ever tried to procure that famous name to the satisfaction of a listening Hollander will recognize the need of a palace of peace in the neighborhood.

The new continental national party begins life with a platform in favor of reciprocity, government issuance of money, government ownership of railroads, right of labor to organize, an eight-hour day, a direct primary election law, election of presidential electors by congressional districts instead of by state, an income tax, and a ten per cent tax on vacant ground.

Every formal treaty of arbitration will aid wonderfully in molding public sentiment against war and smoothing the way to other similar treaties. The example of the great militant countries will have persuasive influence upon the small nations which are now taking their slender resources to maintain armies and navies to annihilate in the first encounter with a stronger power. Land hunger, empire building, absorption of weak countries by the combative savage, fighting instinct, racial civilization, traditional racial hate, give a tremendous impetus to war.

Southern whites have made the declaration that they will not work in the cotton fields and northerners are no more willing, nor are they suited to the work. The suggestion which has been offered that immigrants from southern Europe might find ready and constant employment as agricultural workers in the south, where climatic conditions are those to which they are accustomed in their native countries, is being eagerly seized upon by cotton planters. Land and mill owners are looking for white workers to take the place of the blacks and are offering inducements to Italians.

Last year England imported 213,000 tons of butter. The United States exported about 4,000 tons. These facts leave a fair inference that England offers an open market for more than 10 times as much butter as we are in the habit of exporting. England's purchases of this article from foreign countries and from her colonies amount to about \$100,000,000 a year. Our export sales of it approximate \$1,500,000. England purchased last year about 154,000 tons of cheese. Our total exports were in the vicinity of \$,000,000, worth about \$2,512,000.

## A WEEK'S HISTORY

The Important Happenings of a Week Briefly Told.

IN ALL PARTS OF THE UNION

All the Latest News of Interest from Washington, From the East, the West and the South.

THE LATEST FOREIGN DISPATCHES

FROM WASHINGTON.

At its session in St. Louis the Inter-parliamentary conference adopted resolutions, asking the powers to intervene now in the Russian-Japanese war. In another the nations of the world are invited to participate in a second session of The Hague conference, and President Roosevelt is requested to issue the call. The case of the Russian auxiliary cruiser Lena has been placed by the president in the hands of the state and navy departments. The belief is that the vessel will be repaired and disarmed, rather than risk capture by the Japanese.

Little harm was done, according to the government's weekly weather report, by the light frost in the northwest September 11 and 12, favorable conditions continuing in nearly all the most productive part of the corn belt.

James Miles, at Hopkinton, Wash., shot and killed the woman with whom he lived and then fatally wounded Ole Sand, a logger, and ended by shooting and killing himself. Jealousy led to the shooting.

Near Mead, Wash., Mrs. Henry Hoff, a bride of one day, was shot to death by a rejected lover, Fred Hoffman, who then committed suicide.

President Roosevelt has ordered the Russian cruiser Lena, which took refuge in the harbor at San Francisco, to be disarmed and remain until the end of the present war. The commander of the Lena has signified his willingness to meet the demands.

THE EAST.

Alton R. Parker left Esopus for New York on John B. McDonald's yacht Sapphire. While in New York he will confer with party leaders.

A heavy storm of wind prevailed along the Atlantic coast, doing considerable damage in Wilmington, N. C., near Norfolk, Va., and in Newark, N. J. The damage in Wilmington is \$20,000 and two fishermen are reported drowned.

At the age of 75 Charles Cranston, inventor of the first undercutting paper machine used in America, is dead at his home in Brooklyn.

Zahn E. Bordley's plate glass factory at Carleton, Pa., was burned. The loss is estimated at almost \$100,000.

Hon. E. J. Hill was recommended for congress by acclamation at the Fourth Connecticut district republican congressional convention.

Frank W. Higgins, lieutenant-governor of New York, was unanimously nominated for governor by the republican state convention. Former Lieut. Gov. Woodruff withdrew as a candidate.

Charles C. Black, of Hudson county, was nominated for governor by the New Jersey democratic state convention at Trenton, N. J.

Much property was destroyed and 14 lives were lost by a severe storm which swept the Atlantic coast from Jacksonville to New York. Shipping suffered and many buildings on shore were damaged.

WEST AND SOUTH.

In Canton, O., the third anniversary of the death of President McKinley was noted with deep sorrow. Many floral tributes were placed on his tomb.

A part of the business section of St. Helen, county seat of Columbia county, Ore., was destroyed by fire. Loss, \$50,000.

Delegates to the Colorado republican state convention renominated Gov. James H. Peabody by acclamation. Senator Newell withdrawing from the contest.

Congressman Robert W. Bonney was nominated by the First Colorado district republican convention.

At Vinton, Ia., Judge Burnham, of the district court, has declared the Iowa law allowing city councils to require license from itinerant merchants invalid because it conflicts with the interstate commerce act.

Democrat of the Ninth Wisconsin district nominated Robert J. McGeehan, of De Pere, for congress.

A farmer named Seymour Clark and his son were found cremated in their residence, five miles north of Youngstown, O.

Flames partially destroyed the building formerly occupied by the West Division high school, at Flournoy and Western avenue, Chicago, entailing a loss of \$20,000.

At a mass meeting in Salt Lake City permanent organization of the new American party, whose avowed purpose is to oppose the alleged interference of the Mormon church in politics, was effected.

Ninth Kentucky district republican nominated former Congressman Samuel J. Hugh to oppose Congressman Kelce.

The banner event of the Louisiana Purchase exposition, "St. Louis day," brought out a crowd of 25,000. Parades, speech-making, song and fireworks contributed to the success of the occasion.

FOREIGN INTELLIGENCE.

The report is confirmed by Field Marshal Oyama that a considerable force of Russians remains south of the Hsu river and says the Russians are fortifying the heights on both sides of the Liao river at Tie Pasa.

A recommendation is made that the force of American soldiers in the Philippine Islands be reduced from its present standing of four regiments of cavalry and nine of infantry to three regiments of cavalry and seven of infantry.

A large volunteer fleet for patrol duty and the protection of Japanese shipping, will be organized by Japan, the cost to be defrayed by public subscription.

Manchuria has been practically given up by Russia and plans are being made for the army to winter at Harbin.

Il M. S. Grafton, an English warship, is ready to sink the Russian cruiser Lena if she is forced from San Francisco and attempts to molest British merchantmen.

Returning from Colon Rear Admiral Walker says work on the Panama canal is being pushed.

Blame is placed on Gen. Orloff for the defeat at Liaoyang in the detailed report of Gen. Kuropatkin to the emperor. The repulse of Orloff's men necessitated the evacuation of the Manchurian city.

Off Port Arthur a sailing vessel, supposed to be the British bark Lucia, struck a mine recently. One person of those on board of her was rescued.

Oyama, the Japanese field marshal, is said to have received orders to attack Kuropatkin and relieve the failure of Liaoyang. A great force is being sent him.

Italy's queen has given birth to an heir to the Italian throne at the royal palace at Racconigi, near Rome. The boy will be called Humbert, prince of Piedmont.

News is received that the Russian auxiliary cruiser Korea is off Vancouver island, making her way slowly southward, evidently with a view to seeking refuge in some Pacific coast port. Victoria and Esquimaux are excited over the report.

LATER NEWS.

Joy at meeting his mother at St. Louis caused the death of Emmanuel Miner, of Wichita, Kan.

Burglars robbed the Rock Island station at Gower, Ia., and were afterwards captured by a posse.

A son is born to the king and queen of Italy.

Winning is suffering from an epidemic of typhoid fever.

Laura Stewart was scalped by a revolving shaft in a factory at Rochester, N. Y.

For the week ending the 15th there were 167 business failures in the United States.

O. K. Monroe, of Ashland, Or., shot and wounded his wife and then killed himself.

It is said that 70,000 skilled workmen, angered at the continuance of the lockout by the employers of New York have decided to strike if the employers do not give in.

Benjamin Kruger and Ida Meinecke were married at Charles City, Iowa. The bridegroom fainted away and had to be resuscitated before the ceremony could proceed.

The Panama canal commission is considering a plan for a canal forty feet deep.

Five sisters learn through newspaper that they may be heirs to part of a \$20,000,000 estate.

Gen. Baldwin, commanding department of Colorado, reports 333 desertions in a year, and blames abolition of cantons.

The Russian auxiliary cruiser Lena is now at the government naval station at Mare Island, having departed from San Francisco bay under the escort of the cruiser Marblehead.

The German congress convenes at the world's fair.

For the year ending June 30 the Milwaukee railroad shows an increase of earnings.

The populists of New York nominated Alfred J. Donlon for governor.

The barge Gardner caught fire and burned near San Luis, Mich.

Frederick J. Cutting, former president of the Ohio Savings bank at Ohio, is arrested in Chicago upon the charge of embezzlement.

The Canadian schooner Singapore was dashed to pieces on the beach at Kincardine, Ont.

The Armenians appeal to President Roosevelt for protection.

R. P. Cassel, cashier of the Great Western distillery was held up in one of the principal streets of Peoria, Ill., at noon by three men, who struck him over the head with a club and made away with a satchel containing \$7,500.

Official news from the seat of war in the far east is still lacking but the war office at St. Petersburg appears not to anticipate a great battle in the immediate future. The official belief is that the Japanese will not hurry on an engagement with Kuropatkin, owing to the fact that the latter has not had time since the evacuation of Liao-yang to strengthen his forces materially and that the next movement of the Japanese will be directed against Tie Pasa.

A passenger train was wrecked on the Lake Shore road near the stock yards at Chicago. Twelve persons were hurt.

Edward Johnson, an amateur baseball player, was killed by a batted ball during a game at Chicago.

Fifteen hundred Irish immigrants landed in New York in one week.

Socialist agitation is on the increase in Italy.

The Bristol hotel at Cincinnati, O., was badly damaged by fire.

Illness compels Joseph Jefferson to cancel all contracts. He will probably permanently retire from the stage.

ON THE RUN, BUT CAN'T GET AWAY.



## DEATH CLAIMS NOTED GERMAN

CLOSE OF THE CAREER OF PRINCE HERBERT BISMARCK.

LEAVES ENORMOUS ESTATE

Fortune Together with Title of Prince Goes to Seven-Year-Old Son Otto—A Brief Sketch of His Career.

Friedrichsruhe, Sept. 19.—Prince Herbert Bismarck died Sunday morning at 10:15 o'clock. The end was painless. Since he ceased to be foreign minister on the retirement of his father in 1890, Prince Herbert Bismarck had taken part in public affairs only as a member of the reichstag. His attitude had been that of a man not appreciated by his sovereign, and who was waiting in the background for an opportunity to resume his career. Prince Bismarck's father trained him for his successor as chancellor of the German empire, and advanced him rapidly in the diplomatic service until, at the age of 49, he was minister of foreign affairs, in which position he took part in nearly every important international transaction.

The title of Prince Bismarck and the large fortune of the deceased will go to his seven-year-old son Otto. The late Emperor Frederick gave to Chancellor Bismarck extensive forests at Friedrichsruhe, which have since increased in value, and the chancellor gave to Prince Herbert \$2,400,000 in securities and cash. The estate is now estimated to be worth \$1,000,000, exclusive of the lands.

An incident that nearly wrecked Prince Herbert's career, and that caused the old chancellor great annoyance, was Prince (then count) Herbert's elopement with Princess Charlotte Bouthen, the wife of Prince Karl, the head of that distinguished Silesian house. The princess was of the Hatzfeldt family, and young Bismarck at the time was his father's private secretary. Count Herbert lived with the princess in southern Italy for a few weeks and then, at the command of his father, returned to Germany. The princess afterwards was divorced and has since died.

His Career. Prince Bismarck was born in 1815, and was the oldest son of the late Prince Otto Bismarck, the great chancellor of the German empire. He studied law in the Berlin and Bonn universities, served in the Prussian army as a lieutenant of reserves during the Franco-German war of 1870-71, and was severely wounded at the battle of Mars-la-Tour. In 1873 Herbert became an official of the department of foreign affairs and was assistant to his father, then chancellor. He was attached to the German legations at Bern and at Vienna from 1874 to 1877. Later on the deceased became a councillor of the German embassy in London, and subsequently occupied the same position at St. Petersburg. In 1884 he was appointed minister extraordinary at The Hague, and in 1895 he became under secretary of state in the department of foreign affairs. This post Herbert held until the dismissal of his father from the chancellorship, when he left the service of the empire. From 1894 to 1897 the deceased was a member of the German reichstag, and also from 1903 until the time of his death. He was married in 1892 to Countess Margaret Hoyer, of the Hungarian nobility, and after the death of his father he inherited the title of prince.

The Odd Fellows. San Francisco, Sept. 19.—The sovereign grand lodge of Independent Order of Odd Fellows and auxiliary organizations will convene to-day. From all quarters of the United States representatives of the fraternity are coming into the city, which is again in gala attire. Most of the decorations and illuminations used during the recent triennial convocation of the knights templar are again employed, with the exception that the emblems have been changed, the maltese cross having given place to the three links.

Easily Explained. "And why did you insist upon standing by Miss Saffern all through the reception? I know you don't like her." "Of course I don't. Didn't you notice how my new gown made her look cold and dead?"—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Believed. The Wife—I have given orders to have the duck carried in the kitchen to-day, dear.

The Husband—Ah! then I can give thanks in good faith.—Yonkers Statesman.

The One Thing Needed. "Speaking of Bright's whitticism," remarked young Saphraz, "why, I could say smarter things than he if I had a mind to, doncher know?" "I don't doubt it," rejoined Miss Cautique. "I'm sure the only thing you lack is the mind."—Cincinnati Enquirer.

Surprised. "I'm sorry I had to refuse you." "Heard about it, did you?" "About what?" "The death of my rich uncle."—Houston Post.

## KILLED IN AUTO ACCIDENT

FOUR PERSONS PRECIPITATED OVER EMBANKMENT.

One Man Crushed to Death—Disaster Occurs While Trying to Avoid a Collision.

Ballwin, Mo., Sept. 19.—In endeavoring to turn out to avoid a farmer's wagon an automobile containing two men and two women was precipitated down a 20-foot embankment near here Saturday, killing one of the occupants and injuring the others.

The dead: John Kalkren, New York city.

The injured: Edgar Parkhurst, Ballwin, seriously. Miss Lou Marquitz, St. Louis, seriously.

Miss Nellie Marquitz, St. Louis, slightly. The party had been out for a pleasure trip and were returning to Ballwin when the accident occurred. The automobile was moving at a rapid rate when, on turning a sharp curve, Kalkren, who was acting as chauffeur, noticed a farmer's wagon coming toward them. There appeared to be room to avoid hitting the wagon, and Kalkren turned out, but the outside wheel slipped and the machine slid down the embankment, turning over several times.

Kalkren was caught beneath the automobile and crushed. The injured were taken to Ballwin, where they were attended by a physician. It is believed that Parkhurst and Miss Lou Marquitz will recover.

HELD UP FOR \$2,700.

Distillery Paymaster at Peoria, Ill., Is Robbed by Three Men.

Peoria, Ill., Sept. 19.—Frank H. Cassell, bookkeeper for the Great Western distillery, was knocked down at one o'clock Saturday and robbed of \$2,700 of the company's money, which he was taking from a bank to the distillery office to be used in paying off employees. Three men are implicated. One struck Cassell over the head with a billy and the other grabbed a satchel in which the money had been deposited a few minutes before at the bank. The robbers ran toward the river and rowed in a skiff to the Tazewell county shore. Cassell was unconscious for two hours, and can tell but little of his assailants. He suffered several abrasions on the scalp, and fears are entertained of concussion of the brain. Cassell is about 50 years old, and has worked for the distillery and the government for 20 years. He has made a habit of going to the bank every Saturday at one o'clock, and his habits were known. As Cassell passed the alley at Edmund street, between Washington and Adams streets, the three men jumped upon him. Little was said. The affair was witnessed by Peter Hirsch, a letter carrier, who recognized the men as Peoria crooks.

"Dandy" Van Sant, who was recently released from the penitentiary, is at large. A large posse of men from the police and sheriff's departments is searching the river bottoms for the robbers.

Fire in Penitentiary. Laporte, Ind., Sept. 19.—Fire Saturday destroyed five five-story buildings inside the state prison walls at Michigan city, causing a loss of over \$100,000. The fire started from a dry kila chair factory, according to a statement by the authorities, although rumors are in circulation that the convicts fired the buildings. The loss is partially covered by insurance.

Bribers Fined. Grand Rapids, Mich., Sept. 19.—In the superior court Saturday Judge Newham sentenced James McCool and Clara E. Storum, who pleaded guilty to bribery in the Lake Michigan water deal at the last term of court, each \$500 each. This is the amount of the bribe they were charged with taking.

Must Not Attack President. New York, Sept. 19.—The democratic campaign text-book just issued contains a letter from Judge Parker warning the compliers to make no attack on President Roosevelt's honor or integrity. The tariff and trust issues are put prominently to the front.

The One Thing Needed. "Speaking of Bright's whitticism," remarked young Saphraz, "why, I could say smarter things than he if I had a mind to, doncher know?" "I don't doubt it," rejoined Miss Cautique. "I'm sure the only thing you lack is the mind."—Cincinnati Enquirer.

Surprised. "I'm sorry I had to refuse you." "Heard about it, did you?" "About what?" "The death of my rich uncle."—Houston Post.

## JAPS SHELLING CITY OF MUKDEN

PREPARING TO CUT OFF RETREAT OF KUROPATKIN.

TIELING MAY BE IN PERIL

Indications of Revival of Struggle for Possession of Port Arthur.—Situation There Grows More Desperate.

London, Sept. 19.—It is asserted in a dispatch from Tokyo to the Express that the Japanese are vigorously shelling the Russian positions at Mukden, preparatory to a general advance and endeavoring, by a wide turning movement, to cut off Gen. Kuropatkin's retreat. The Japanese armies, the dispatch adds, are disposed in the same relative positions as in the fighting before Liaoyang.

Closing in on Mukden. Mukden, Sept. 19.—The Japanese are reported to be advancing on both flanks, from the east, southeast and southwest. The outposts are closely engaged 20 miles southeastward, there being almost constant skirmishing. Indications point to another great battle in the vicinity of Mukden. Russian troops occupy all the surrounding villages. Refugees among them complain of severity on the part of the Japanese.

A Cossack officer entered Gen. Mitzenko's outposts Saturday after being a fortnight in the rear of the Japanese army. He was sent on a reconnoitering mission before the battle of Liaoyang, and being cut off had to march by night and hide by day. He says the Japanese army north of Liaoyang is merely a demonstration. All the Japanese forces and transports have gone east.

St. Petersburg Incredulous. St. Petersburg, Sept. 19.—The reports that Gen. Kuropatkin is pushing on northeast of Mukden are not borne out by official telegrams that have been received here. According to the latest advice the Japanese forces continue to increase at Daniangpura and Yentai. A decisive advance in the direction of Mukden is, therefore, not expected to occur for some days. Meanwhile indications increase of the probability of the Japanese meeting with resistance. The Russian forces at Mukden undoubtedly are very large, and every day's delay enables the commander-in-chief to perfect his defenses.

A private telegram from Mukden reports the arrival there of an immense train filled with convalescents returning to duty. This may be regarded as good evidence of a large concentration of troops at Mukden.

Tieling May Be in Peril. St. Petersburg, Sept. 19.—The Japanese are deliberately developing another extensive movement, their object being to reach Tieling. This time they are circling to the east, availing themselves of Liao river, leaving an insignificant military force at Liaoyang, but employing every available Chinese man to repair and still further fortify the town.

The question whether a big battle will be fought in the vicinity of Mukden is considered here to depend chiefly upon Gen. Kuropatkin, as it is not believed that the Japanese will be able to force him to fight at Mukden unless he so elects. The general idea is that when the advance really comes the Japanese will simply outflank Mukden and go direct against Tie Pasa.

Port Arthur Center of Interest. As far as the public is concerned, interest seems again to be gravitating toward Port Arthur, where the gallant fight of Lieut. Gen. Stoessel's garrison is being watched with intense interest. The report that the garrison has been forced to fall back to the use of homemade powder, which is proving defective, is considered a discouraging factor. It would be a rational grief should the defense of the fortress fall through lack of ammunition. More important, however, is attached in military circles to the reports that the Japanese have abandoned the idea of a direct assault, and are tunneling the fortifications, and it is believed possible that the end may come as at Sevastopol, with a repetition of the dreadful carnage at the Malakoff tower.

A dispatch from Rome says that Gen. Stoessel, commander of the garrison at Port Arthur, has again refused to surrender to the Japanese and has sent this day to the enemy: "We are prepared to resist to the death. If another such demand is made the envoys will be hanged."

Massing Enormous Army. From Tokyo comes the information that preparations for the winter campaign in northern Manchuria are being hurried to completion. The Japanese will put between 200,000 and 500,000 troops in the field, and Kuropatkin, it is believed, will marshal a force not much less in number. It is expected that at least 80,000 men all told will take part in the operations.

The Situation at Port Arthur. Chiefly, Sept. 19.—Local students of the military situation at Port Arthur, basing their deductions upon recent developments there, are of the opinion that another grand assault is either occurring at the present time or is imminent. This opinion is based on the very heavy bombardment of the Russian stronghold that occurred on September 16, for such a bombardment forms the usual prelude to an assault; on the arrival here of important messengers from Port Arthur at a time when the running of the blockade is extremely perilous; on a recent authoritative statement that the Japanese siege works are completed, and on reports from Japanese sources that at Port Arthur an assault was expected to take place in a few days. These reports were received last week.

Belligerents Are Merciless. Chiefly, Sept. 19.—According to Prince Radivil, of the Russian army, who reached here from Port Arthur leaving dispatches from Lieut. Gen. Stoessel, commander-in-chief of the forces of the Russian stronghold, to Gen. Kuropatkin, the temper of the belligerents at Port Arthur has reached an absolutely merciless stage. Prince Radivil said that the British in the Boer war and he says that until he became aware of the state of affairs at Port Arthur he had no idea that war could be so horrible. It was not forth in these dispatches some weeks ago that serious suspicions were entertained by both belligerents that the other was misusing the Red Cross flag. These suspicions have been increased by the commission of various acts by the soldiers of both armies, until now even flags of truce or surrender are not respected by either side.

Expect No Quarter. Prince Radivil declares that the men of both armies are absolutely venomous in their antagonism. Lieut. Gen. Stoessel has addressed his garrison saying that the present mood of the Japanese indicates clearly the necessity of resisting them to the last drop of Russian blood, because if the Japanese soldiers entered the fortress it undoubtedly would be impossible for their officers to control them and prevent a massacre. For this reason Lieut. Gen. Stoessel is making no objection to civilians leaving Port Arthur. When the 300 women who are in Port Arthur engaged in hospital work were advised to leave, the possibility that they would rather face the possibility of massacre than desert their posts.

Dead Unburied. In consequence of the fact that flags of truce are ignored, numbers of Japanese dead who have been lying on the slopes of the hills of the northeast defenses for weeks past are still unburied, and the stench in Port Arthur from decomposing bodies, when the wind is in the right direction, is almost unendurable. The Russian soldiers, who are in some cases posted only 50 paces from heaps of decaying dead, have constantly to wear over their noses handkerchiefs soaked in camphor, as otherwise they would be unable to remain at their posts.

A Ghastly Field of Horror. In the course of the assaults which took place in the four last days of August two companies of Japanese soldiers, according to Prince Radivil, found themselves at the mercy of the Russians and hoisted a white flag. To this, however, the Russians paid no attention and continued to volley rapidly into the helpless ranks of the enemy. In the meantime Japanese troops in the rear of the companies that had raised the white flag, saw what their comrades had done, and expressed their disapproval of the surrender by firing into their rear. As a result of this fire from friend and foe, 600 men were annihilated. The dead men among the decomposing bodies of previous assaults. For days after the wounded men in this area raised fluttering handkerchiefs in their hands in pleas for help, but the Russians were afraid to venture out to give succor. Within a week the army had made its last unregarded prayer for help, and the stables was a quiet but ghastly field of horror.

BOTH SIDES ARE FIRM. Great Strike at Fall River Shows No Indications of Being Settled.

Fall River, Mass., Sept. 19.—The peaceful but determined contest between \$77,000,000 of invested mill capital and 20,000 mill laborers which began in this city eight weeks ago, is apparently no nearer settlement than at its very outset last July. Both sides remain firm, the mill owners claiming that it is impossible to resume operations unless the 12½ per cent reduction is made in wages, while the operatives are just as determined against working under such conditions. With winter not far distant the unions have already begun to husband their resources for the crisis which must then be more severe than during the summer months. The exodus of foreign operatives has naturally been large, and lately many of the skilled help have joined the outgoing army, seeking other fields for their labor. Of the foreigners, the Portuguese have left in larger numbers, very few remaining in the city.

Judge Parker's Plans. Judge Parker has made no changes in his personal plans concerning participation in the campaign. It is announced that he has not arranged to spend any definite number of days of each week in New York, as has been reported, but that the judge will go to New York only when it will be more convenient to meet his political managers there than it would be for them to come to Rosemont. No time, however, has been set for such trips. The announcement was also made that the judge will not go on a speaking tour, but that he will make all his speeches from the veranda at Rosemont.

Yale Has Graduated 22,035. New Haven, Conn., Sept. 19.—The triennial catalogue of Yale university shows that there are 12,741 living graduates and 9,291 dead graduates of Yale, a total of 22,035. Of the academic department 6,957 are living and 7,245 dead, and of the scientific school 2,811 are living and 265 dead.

Will Be Reopened. Chicago, Sept. 19.—The Ironquels theater, which burned December 20 last, when nearly 60



## The Language of Feminine Clothes in Japan

Douglas Sladen, Author of "Queer Things About Japan." Writes of Women's Dress.

IN JAPAN nothing is as simple as it looks, for everything has a double meaning, too subtle for the ordinary tourist to discover.

Not knowing the language of clothes, they at first sight seemed to me delightfully simple, if from a feminine standpoint, rather lacking in excitement in a country where millinery is an unknown quantity, and the style and cut of your gown never change, what an ordinary woman have to think about? Imagine a land without fashion papers or advertisements of straight-fronted corsets!

A woman's wardrobe appears to consist of an outer and inner kimono, a gorgeous obi or sash, some exquisite hair-combs, and a fan, while, instead of a watch, she carries a valuable tobacco pouch and pipe-case.

There are, of course, a few more articles of seemingly less importance, such as the tabi, or thick white foot-gloves, which serve as both stockings and slippers, and the high wooden clogs or gata, worn in place of boots and always put on at the front door on going out, and knocked off there on entering the house; and last, but not least, the dress-improver or obi-age, which supports the butterfly sash, and gives it the correct hump.

But if women in Japan do not tighten their straight-fronted corsets, they make up for this western idiosyncrasy in dress by binding up their loins so closely that they cannot walk, and are compelled to shuffle along with that peculiar rhythm of movement which is quite their own.

Although a Japanese woman seems to be much more simply dressed than

daughter's wedding outfit from her very infancy, and her bridal dress, which is always white, does not signify her virginal nature, as it does with us, but her burial shroud (for white is the mourning color in Japan) and, therefore, never worn by children; for a bride goes to be married dressed like a corpse, to show that from henceforth she is dead to her own parents, and although her trousseau should be large enough to supply her with clothes for the rest of her life, she must pay her first visit to her own people after her marriage in a kimono bought by her husband, and stamped with his crest.

A Japanese woman flirts (as far as she knows the meaning of the word), with her sleeves and fan, and not with her eyes and smiles. By the different movements of the ends of her kimono sleeves, she manages to convey to her admirers all sorts of messages.

Between the sexes in Japan there is very little difference in the main features of dress, and little children are only beautiful little miniatures of their parents, more gaily and richly dressed. A tiny girl may wear the richest embroidery and stiffest brocades of flaming scarlets and gold made in exactly the same way as the soft gray or brown kimono of her mother. In their children the distinction of sex is shown by the color of the clothes, not the style in which they are made. Boys wear yellow, girls red.

Under his kimono a man of the upper class wears a sort of kilt, divided skirt, something approaching the nature of trousers. This is called the hakama, and is always made of stiff silk. A woman wears, instead, an under-kimono. Both sexes wear two



THE JAPANESE WOMAN IN WALKING DRESS.

her western sister (and certainly she has reduced the number of her garments down to a very fine point), she is none the less a daughter of Eve in her love of personal adornment. For instance, every time her hair is taken down, two hours are spent in redressing it, and nothing would induce her to go to a picnic or to the theater without popping into the sleeve of her kimono her little dressing-case made of scarlet brocade, which contains her steel mirror and diminutive boxes of lip-salve, face powder and eyebrow renovator, nor would she go to her temple to pray if her obi did not sit just as an obi ought to sit, and has not ever since they were adopted by her remote ancestors.

Undoubtedly with a Japanese woman the richness of her hair ornaments, and the splendor of her obi, constitute her chief vanities and extravagances in dress, and it is, after all, only in her short years of moonhood that she has much opportunity for annoying other women, or pleasing the opposite sex by the beauty and variety of these vanities of the flesh. Of the young wife, the husband demands that the wearing of her fine trousseau shall be reserved for his own and his parents' eyes only.

The older a woman grows, the sadder and duller her clothes become (as a child she is resplendent as a butterfly), and the less ostentatious the fine chignon of glossy black hair which she piles on the top of her head to proclaim her widowhood in the eyes of the world; and, alas! if she is left a widow, her fine head of hair is shaven off to show her desolation.

In Japan the wedding ring is not the sign manual of a married woman, but the dressing of her hair, and not the length of her kimono sleeves. A marriage must not have such long sleeves as a matron, and her hair is less elaborately dressed. The tying of an obi in front of the waist instead of behind places a woman amongst the unclass, but such a sight is never seen outside the limits of the Yoshiwara, or on the stage. Gay hairpins of enormous length and variety standing out from a woman's head like hatpins on a pin cushion, are also the signs by which she shall know the women who are compelled to live in the "city of no night." Women of the higher classes only adorn their heads with veritable works of art in dull gold lacquer, carved tortoise-shell, and coral; they are careful never to wear the shawl-like ornaments with which all the world is familiarized in paintings and on fans, used by their less fortunate sisters.

The magnificence and richness of a girl's wedding trousseau does not so much denote the wealth of the parents as their devotion to her as a child, for her mother begins to save up and purchase, bit by bit, her

little aprons round the loins, called koshi-maki, and a sort of shirt called the suso-yoke. Neither a man's obi nor his hair are, of course, his glory and pride as they are with a woman; the narrow male sash is not an item of great importance, for although it is always made of rich silk, it is worn not so much for show as for use, to keep his kimono in place, and to serve as a waist-belt through which he can draw the rich chain and netuke (button) of his tobacco and pipe-case, and if he is a merchant, his long-handled inkpot and pen-holder.

In the severest weather both the sexes wear padded kimono, and the men have a short haori, or over-jacket, which only reaches to about their knees. A woman's complete outfit costs much more than a man's, although the actual number of the garments she wears at one time are fewer. Prof. Chamberlain, in his "Things Japanese," says: "A Japanese lady's dress will often represent a value of \$200, without counting the ornaments for her hair. A woman of the smaller shop-keeping class may have on her, when she goes out holiday-making, some \$40 or \$50 worth. A gentleman will rarely spend on his clothes as much as she lets his wife spend on hers. Perhaps he may not have on more than \$60 worth. Thence, through a gradual decline in price, we come to the coolie's poor trappings, which may represent as little as five dollars, or even two dollars, as he stands."

The coolie class in Japan are distinguished partly by their want of clothes, partly by the enormous cost of their employers, which is stamped on the back of their bristling cotton coat (shirashi-hanten). Under this coat they wear a pair of short white drawers, almost as close fitting as tight. The shirashi-hanten does not wear the crested coat; and, indeed, it is only by the strict eye of the progressive police laws that he can be induced to wear any clothes at all worth consideration. In the old days his loincloth was all-sufficient. Well do I remember how on approaching a country police sentry-box, or a village, the shafes of the hand-carriage were suddenly dropped, and the steaming steed would politely request me to rise from my seat and let him take from his trunk below the cushion his running drawers. When the village was left behind, and the eye of authority nowhere in sight, the drawers were hurriedly pulled off, and once more returned to their place in the box-seat.

Commercial Rivalry.  
"Pa, what is commercial rivalry?"  
"Well, commercial rivalry is the way your mother tries to spend what I make faster than Mrs. Dash next door spends what her husband makes."—Chicago Journal.

## MAYOR SHOT DEAD BY A DESPERADO

EXECUTIVE HEAD OF THOMPSON, ILL., IS KILLED.

SLAYERS ARE HOLD-UP MEN

The Victim Meets Death While Attempting Their Arrest—Citizens Flee and Capture Them—Lynchings Averted.

Thompson, Ill., Sept. 19.—Mayor W. F. Bennett, of this city, was shot and killed Saturday while he and Town Marshal Matthews were endeavoring to arrest two Chicago bandits for holding up passengers here. The two bandits were undoubtedly being carried to the county jail at Mount Carroll, where they are considered safe from mob violence. In the street fight during the exciting scenes of their arrest one bandit was shot in the leg and the other one was clubbed into submission.

Saloon Robbed.  
They began their reign of terror at Sedgwick about noon. Driving up to the front of Breno Nelson's saloon in that village they entered and ordered drinks. When Nelson turned to give them change for a bill they had placed on the counter he found himself facing two revolvers. He was commanded to hold up his hands, which he did. Then while one of the men kept the saloon man covered with a revolver and watched the door at the same time, the other robber ransacked the cash drawer, obtaining about \$75. The two men backed out of the saloon and jumped into their vehicle, a light rig drawn by two spirited horses, and dashed away at breakneck speed.

Several men secured horses and shotguns and started off in hot pursuit of the robbers, but Nelson thought of a better scheme to catch them, and telephoned to Mayor Bennett, of this town, that the bandits had driven out of Sedgwick in the direction of Thompson, and asked him to look out for them and arrest them if possible. The mayor was informed of their apparent desperate character and was warned to obtain assistance and to be cautious. Taking the advice of the Sedgwick man, Mayor Bennett summoned Town Marshal Matthews, who in turn drafted several citizens of Thompson into service, and the small army of men, all armed, awaited the coming of the bandits.

In less than an hour after the telephone message was received by Mayor Bennett the desperadoes drove into town. Having covered the eight miles in about 15 minutes. Never dreaming that the news of their successful holdup had preceded them, they calmly drove up to a saloon, hit their team and walked into the place to order drinks. While they were being served Marshal Matthews entered from the rear door and Mayor Bennett from the front, their assistants following closely behind them. The moment the two bandits saw the men enter they knew what was up and commenced shooting at Mayor Bennett without saying a word.

Killed the Mayor.  
The mayor was instantly killed and fell at full length in the door way. In escaping from the saloon the men were compelled to leap over his body. Not stopping to unlith their team, and escape in it, they ran down the street pursued by Marshal Matthews and the small posse whom he had drafted as assistants. Aroused by the fusillade of shots that followed, some being fired by the feeling men and others by their pursuers, the townspeople poured out of doors and joined in the chase. A young man running from the opposite direction encountered one of the bandits and engaged him in a hand-to-hand struggle. The bandit still had his revolver, but had discharged its contents at the members of the posse and the young countryman was fortunate in being able to wrest it from him. Having done so he beat the robber over the head with the butt of the pistol until the man staggered in semi-consciousness. Other men coming up grabbed the bandit and held him fast. In the meantime the other bandit had been shot in the leg and fell in the middle of the road, where he was soon surrounded and arrested.

As the extent of the crime was realized the anger of the citizens increased to fever heat. In the meantime news of the hold-up at Sedgwick and of the flight of the men across the country had reached the ears of the farmers, who commenced within an hour or so to pour into Thompson in twos and threes and small posses until there were several hundred infuriated men standing about the jail and commencing to talk of violent vengeance. Realizing that a lynching would result unless something was done immediately, the two desperadoes, who gave their names as John Thompson and Will Meyer, were spirited away and placed in the county jail at Mount Carroll. The excitement continued all evening, and at midnight the streets of the village, usually quiet, were crowded with angry and excited citizens.

Coin Badly Damaged.  
Bloomington, Ill., Sept. 19.—A terrible storm of rain and wind swept central Illinois Sunday, the rainfall in 18 hours being almost three inches. Hundreds of acres of corn were battered by the wind and will be a total loss. There was much damage by lightning.

Stole Big Sum.  
Atlantic, Ill., Sept. 19.—During the momentary absence of Cashier C. H. Miller an unknown thief entered the Rock Island freight office here Sunday afternoon and made off with \$1545 from the cash drawer.

A man employed in a Paris tea store has fastened an apparatus that will fill and tie up parcels at the rate of 40 a minute. He says that when the machine is in full working order it will do the work of 70 persons.

Some of the beauties of Persia decorate their faces by painting figures of animals and insects upon them. Time sets his chisel a little deeper whenever there is a frown upon the face. Every man desires to live long; but no man would be old.—Swift.

## WISCONSIN STATE NEWS.

Dentistry Course Four Years.  
Students who wish to obtain diplomas to practice dentistry in this state must still take the four-year course, despite the fact that at a convention of the National Association of Dental Faculties in St. Louis several weeks ago it was decided to recommend the three-year course. At that time Dr. W. H. Eames, of the Milwaukee Medical college, announced that the course at his institution hereafter would be three years, but the National Association of Dental Examiners, which is composed of members of the dental boards of the several states, has concluded its session in St. Louis, and that board declared emphatically in favor of a course of 24 months, which is in effect the four-year course.

Few Indian Berry Pickers.  
Fifteen hundred people are picking cranberries on the marshes in Wood county, and but 100 of them are Indians. A few years ago nearly the entire crop was picked by Indians. Water on the marshes did not cause this change, but freewater. Women and children have proved the best help for harvesting this crop. The picking continues about three weeks. The berry is somewhat inferior in size to that of former years, but in flavor and keeping qualities it will compare favorably. It is being picked greater than usual, as the season has been late, the first of August reducing the crop about one-half.

Janesville Man Heir to Millions.  
Through an advertisement for heirs for the estate of the late John Thompson Hilton, of Janesville, Wis., as near as can be ascertained, heir to \$20,000,000. In a search through archives and genealogy of the family, Mr. Hilton finds that he is a first cousin of the millionaire. The correspondence was quietly taken up many weeks ago. The children of Mr. Hilton, who will doubtless come in for a share of the estate should the claim be satisfactorily established, are: L. L. Hilton, Daisy Hilton, of Chicago, and Mrs. William Bailey, of Chamberlain, who was formerly Emma Hilton.

Gift for Girl Heroine.  
Miss Gertrude Sawyer, of Menominee, Mich., the young girl whose courage saved a party of five during a bad storm on Green Bay a few weeks ago, has been given a gold watch by Isaac Stephenson, of Marquette, as a testimonial of his "appreciation and admiration of the courage, skill and judgment" which she showed. "It was a feat of bravery and skill," he adds, "which to my knowledge has never been surpassed." Inside the case is engraved "Isaac Stephenson to Gertrude Sawyer, a Heroine."

Two Die in Bridge Wreck.  
The bridge across Lake St. Croix, which is half a mile long, extending to the Minnesota side, caught fire. The fire department in responding to the alarm was followed by a crowd. The fire had weakened one of the spans of the rather ancient structure that when the fire apparatus and the crowd attempted to cross it it fell into the water, about 20 feet below. About 20 persons were precipitated with the wreckage into the water, and two were killed and five seriously injured.

Firm Sues Grocer's Union.  
The Superior Cash Grocery company has commenced suit against the Grocers' union. Recently four grocery firms started a new company in Superior, operating four stores, and they began to sell below the union scale. Upon refusing to pay the fine levied by the union the company was expelled. It is claimed that after this all the commission houses in Superior except two refused to sell to the grocery company which had been expelled.

Family Fatally Poisoned.  
Isabelle Miller, mother, of Milwaukee, is dead. Her mother was made fatally sick and four other children in the family narrowly escaped a similar fate as the result of eating something in which phosphorus was developed. Dr. Ralph Elmer says that he has been unable to find anything that would give a clue to the source of the poison. The health department was notified and its food inspectors endeavored to locate the cause.

The News Condensed.  
Emanuel Katonovitch, an old resident of Wisconsin, died at his home at Berlin at the age of 75 years.

Milwaukee police have arrested Alice Farnsworth, a "green" country girl, whom they claim is one of the cleverest swindlers known. She is said to have operated all over the state under many aliases.

Mrs. Fanny I. Chapin, widow of Dr. A. L. Chapin, first president of Beloit college, is dead, aged 81.

The safe of E. Moran, at Dowling, was blown and about \$500 in money and notes taken.

Dr. Paul Malmstrom died at his home in Kenosha, his death bringing to a close one of the most stubborn feuds. For some time the physicians of Kenosha and the state board have been making an effort to force Malmstrom to retire from the practice of his profession, but he died in the midst of the contest.

Trial of a divorce suit which was full of sensational developments took place in Waukegan. It is that of Mrs. A. Spaulding against Willis Spaulding, of Oconomowoc. The plaintiff charges that her husband was cruel and accused her publicly of being unfaithful.

Angered by drink and because she refused him for gambling, W. F. Notton, a bartender, shot his wife in Milwaukee. Notton afterwards attempted suicide by stabbing himself with a penknife. He will recover.

The sawmill of the Fish & Mollen Lumber company, at Echo, was totally destroyed by fire of unknown origin.

Cash, certificates of deposit, and bank checks amounting in all to \$10,000 were stolen from a room over the saloon of Blison Brothers in Superior. John Huber, chauffeur for Gov. La Follette, was arrested and fined for running his automobile at a speed of more than four miles an hour at street crossings in Oshkosh. The Walworth county fair was held in Elkhorn with unusual attractions and many entries. The track events were of exceptional merit. The expenditures at the nine charitable and penal institutions last month aggregated \$27,473.14.

## OUR FRATERNAL SOCIETIES

How the Rapid Increase of Such Organizations Is Accounted For.

One of the most remarkable facts that presents itself to the student of modern American life is the growth of fraternalism. The deep-rooted and widespread hold fraternal teaching and practice has taken upon the American mind is one of the most remarkable facts in connection with the country's development, says the Los Angeles Herald. Within the last 20 years scores of societies have sprung into existence and so far as I am aware there is no record of any of them having failed. On the contrary all have enjoyed great prosperity. The same is true of the more ancient societies. They have steadily added to their membership and wealth.

Fraternalism have existed since the dawn of history. Not in the precise form of the present, but they nevertheless included the doctrines upon which the modern societies depend for stability and perpetuity. It is well known that Masonry, the oldest recognized secret society, claims that its first lodge was composed of the builders of Solomon's temple.

The modern growth of fraternal ideas in America is undoubtedly due in large measure to the national idea of liberty. Secret societies have never flourished in countries that were governed by despots. Even in the more liberal and enlightened monarchies of modern Europe they are regarded with suspicion as the idea is ever prevalent that their purposes may be of a political nature. In the United States conditions have been peculiarly favorable to the development of these societies. The constitution has guaranteed to the citizen the right to belong to any organization he pleases, provided only that that organization is not prejudicial to the true conception of the duties of American citizenship.

Another element of growth has been the liberality of the societies themselves. The doctrines of all of them are much the same and all are organized along broad lines. There is no such thing as creed in the sense understood by the church. Such religious teaching as is given is confined to faith in the existence of a Supreme Being and belief in the immortality of the soul of man. This liberality has attracted to fraternal orders a large class of persons who refuse to be governed by the more explicit teachings of the church, and at the same time it is sufficiently in harmony with the tenets of religion that those who were members of the church were not deterred from affiliating with the societies.

One of the great developments of the fraternal idea that is purely modern is that called fraternal insurance. It was founded that persons could form themselves into a society for the purpose of mutual protection in case of death and the insurance be given to the member at absolute cost. The elimination of large fees and premiums made these societies especially popular with people of moderate incomes, and the result has been a phenomenal growth along these lines.

Another source of popularity is the fact that all of the societies are patriotic in their teachings. So far as I have been able to ascertain, after a fairly comprehensive examination, all of them teach reverence for the Stars and Stripes and hold elevated ideas of the duties of citizenship. As an instance of the liberality of the societies the recent change made in the qualifications of candidates for admission to one of them may be mentioned.

All, or nearly all, of the societies had interdicted dealers in spirituous liquors. This was not merely on the ground that these men were socially unfit, but rather on the account that they were regarded as very hazardous risks. In order to obviate their difficulty the saloon men formed an order amongst themselves. The order flourished and grew strong and it was then proposed to broaden its scope in order to admit all classes of citizens. This was done and it is said that the saloon men are now in the minority in the order they originated for themselves.

One of the universal tenets of the societies is charity. Without exception this great virtue is installed by all of them and the result has been that the scope of operations of many of the organizations has become world wide. This charity includes not merely the fraternal common to all humanity, but it has included a more kindly feeling toward those dwellers in the hazy parts of the world where the business of fraternity were hitherto unknown, and the result is that today the banners of many societies are flying in remote parts of the earth.

Snake Spring in Western Ohio.  
A South sister who returned from her summer vacation a few days since narrates an interesting story of a spring in western Ohio, known as the Snake spring. The name is said to be due to the fact that it has proved a mecca for thousands of water snakes who rendezvous in a shallow pool within a few feet of the spring. Snake spring is situated in the midst of a comparatively primitive section of the Buckeye state, and is surrounded by a settlement of persons who are materially influenced by the superstitions of their forefathers, and consequently are not disposed to disturb the legends of slimy creatures and their favored resort.—Columbus Dispatch.

Couldn't Stand for One.  
"Here!" shouted the suddenly rich man from the west to a waiter in the highest-priced hotel on the beach, "bring me another knife."  
"Yes, sah."  
"Understand, after this, that I never eat mashed potatoes and boiled cabbage with the same knife."—Detroit Free Press.

Toothsome Breakfast Dish.  
Some steamed rice served on boiled rice with sugar and cream serve to make a deliciously appetizing change in place of the customary breakfast cereals which one often gets tired of.—Boston Globe.

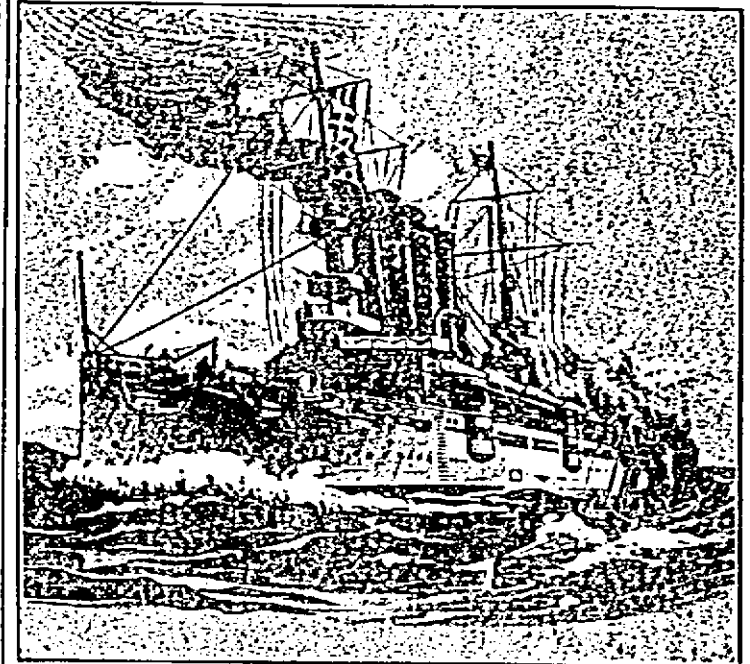
Take War Names.  
The Russian peasants are beginning to name their children after the oft-mentioned towns in the seat of war. The name Peter was very rare up to the present year; now it is all the rage. One child was baptized Vladivostok, another Rostov, and so on.

Day to Be Remembered.  
"I dread to think of my thirteenth birthday," began Miss Passay.  
"Yes," replied Miss Pert, "something dreadful must have happened to you then or you wouldn't remember it this long."—Philadelphia Ledger.

## Cruiser Milwaukee Is Launched

Latest Addition to American Navy Takes Maiden Plunge at San Francisco—Miss Mitchell Does Honors.

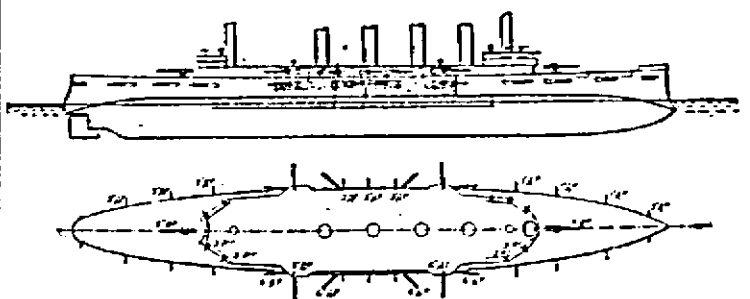
Wisconsin has been honored by an event which took place recently at San Francisco. The new cruiser Milwaukee has been launched successfully from the ways of the Union Iron works in that city. The tide served at 11:50 a. m. the day of the launching, and by that hour a large flotilla of small craft, steam and sail, had taken up positions to greet the latest addition to the American navy when she took her maiden plunge, and the yard was packed with an immense crowd to witness the ceremony, including a large number of



Cruiser "Milwaukee" Launched at San Francisco.

Knights Templar and visitors attracted to the city by the grand triennial encampment of that body. The mechanical arrangements were completed early in the morning, and everything was in readiness to speed the powerful-looking warship on her first journey to the sea, when Miss Lillian Jeffrey, a daughter of California, gave the signal to release the massive steel hull from its berth on the stocks.

The christening ceremony was performed by Miss Janet Mitchell, of Milwaukee, daughter of the late United States Senator John Mitchell, who was surrounded by a party of visitors from Milwaukee, including Mrs. John Mitchell, Judge Paul D. Carpenter, representing Mayor Hove, of Milwaukee; S. M. Becker, an alderman of that city; Mrs.



Gun and Armor Plan of New Vessel.

waukee, daughter of the late United States Senator John Mitchell, who was surrounded by a party of visitors from Milwaukee, including Mrs. John Mitchell, Judge Paul D. Carpenter, representing Mayor Hove, of Milwaukee; S. M. Becker, an alderman of that city; Mrs.

## STATE FAIR A BIG SUCCESS

Attendance for Week Breaks All Former Records—Facts and Connecting Figures.

When the Wisconsin state fair for 1914 closed the total attendance for the week broke all former records and the officials declared that the fair had not only paid expenses but had added nearly \$100,000 to the treasury. With an attendance nearly double that of last year, with a programme of fair features which entertained city and country people alike, with the best of feeling prevailing between officials, exhibitors and fair patrons, with one of the most satisfactory racing programmes ever held in connection with the state show and with the largest total receipts, as well as the largest expenses in the history of the state fair, the fair of 1914 passed into history as an unequalled success.

The attendance for this year is estimated at 104,000, as against the estimated attendance of 56,000 for last year, an increase of nearly 50 per cent. The receipts for this year are something over \$25,000, while those of 1913 were \$17,750, an approximate gain of \$7,000 and an expenditure for 1914 approximately \$25,000, as against \$23,000 spent last year. While the receipts do not show the same percentage of increase as the expenses, the fair has demonstrated by the following table:

White Men and Culp.  
White men are said to bear up better against intense cold than against intense heat, the principal reason being that the cold air is less tainted with the seeds of disease.

Fish-Planting Finished.  
The work of catching tiny black bass from the sloughs along the Mississippi river, between Ia Crosse and Prairie du Chien, and replanting them in small lakes of the state, has been finished for the season by the state fish commission, and the last carload of the fingerlings was shipped to Devils lake, where they have just been planted.

A Daily Thought.  
Ceremonies differ in every country, but true politeness is everywhere the same.—Goldsmith.

Grant Fair Breaks Records.  
The attendance at the Grant county fair, which was held in Lancaster, was the largest in its history, over 10,000 people being on the grounds on the closing day. The weather throughout the last three days of the fair was all that could be desired. The North western road ran specials out with crowds from Fennimore, Monfort, and points between Lancaster and Plattville. All the Pike attractions rolled money, three features being new to the patrons. This was the most successful fair ever held in Grant county.

and all question that the large expenditure has been a wise investment. The following tables show the comparison between receipts at gate and grand stand for 1914 and 1913, with the exception of the 1914 railroad coupon tickets:

	1913	1914
Monday	1,000	2,500
Tuesday	1,500	2,800
Wednesday	1,800	3,200
Thursday	2,000	3,500
Friday	2,200	3,800
Saturday	2,500	4,000
Sunday	2,800	4,200
Totals	12,800	24,000

White Men and Culp.  
White men are said to bear up better against intense cold than against intense heat, the principal reason being that the cold air is less tainted with the seeds of disease.

Phone Service Extended.  
By a new line which the Wisconsin Telephone company has under construction from Greenfield avenue and the Hawley road, Milwaukee, south to the Janesville pike, 44 square miles of territory will be in direct telephone touch with Milwaukee, and inside of the toll lines.

Sowing and Reaping.  
The seeds of repentance are shown in youth by pleasure, but the harvest is reaped in age by pain.—Colton.

Haze Anti-Cigarette Boys.  
Imitating the university students, 300 boys of the Madison high school engaged in a fierce hazing affair, which resulted in a score of them being ducked in Lake Mendota. A number belonging to the Anti-Cigarette league were ducked, and then forced to smoke cigarettes. The president of the Madison Anti-Cigarette league secured warrants for the arrest of the Madison merchants on the charge of selling tobacco and cigarettes to minors, and this brought down the wrath of some of the high schoolboys on league members.



\$100 in Gold Given to anyone proving we do not do as Advertised

# CYCLONE SALE!

THE BIG  
DOUBLE STORE

## J. P. HANSEN

THE BIG  
DOUBLE STORE

### \$30,000

Worth of Clothing, Hats, Caps, Shoes and Furnishing Goods is at the disposal of our Customers for the next three weeks.

SALE LASTS TWENTY-ONE DAYS  
Thursday, Sept. 22 to Wednesday, Oct. 12, Inclusive

B. KUPPENHEIMER & CO. and J. CAPPS & SONS'  
CELEBRATED CLOTHING.

#### MEN'S SUITS.

Suits sold from \$18 to \$25.....**\$15.00**  
\$12 to \$16 suits.....**9.95**  
\$7 to \$10 suits.....**5.50**

#### MEN'S WINTER OVERCOATS.

Those selling at \$15 and \$16.....**\$10.95**  
\$12 and \$14 Overcoats.....**8.45**  
\$7 to \$8 Overcoats.....**4.95**

BOYS' SUITS, your choice,.....1-3 off  
300 knee pants, 50, 60 and 75c at.....25c

#### SHOES.

\$4 and \$4.50 Douglas or Crosset.....**\$3.20**  
\$3.50 shoes same make.....**2.95**  
\$3 and \$2.50 " ".....**2.25**  
Jefferson \$4 driving shoes at.....\$3.45

Trunks and Valises, twenty-five per cent. off

#### UNDERWEAR.

Men's Sanitary Fleece regularly sold at other stores for 50 to 75c, only.....**30c**  
All of our all wool underwear cut as follows:  
\$2 to \$1.50; \$1.50 to \$1.15; \$1.25 to 95c;  
\$1.00 to 75c.

Union Suits, very finest, regular prices  
2 suits, \$10 and \$12, now.....**\$8**

#### PANTS.

Famous Malone \$3.50 pants, the best, lot 284 at.....**\$2.75**  
\$4 line at.....**\$3.25**  
McMillan, you all know the prices are \$3 to \$3.50, now.....**\$2.50**  
All other makes 25 to 30 per cent off.

#### GENTS' FURNISHINGS.

Shirts, Hose, Collars etc.....25 per cent off  
50c and 75c Ties.....25c  
HANDKERCHIEFS—10c quality 2 for 5 cts.  
15c, 3 for 25c—25c at 20c.  
5 cases all wool hose regular 50c goods 40c  
Elegant Cashmere hose, 25c goods, only 20c  
50 doz. Cotton Hose.....5c a pair

#### LADIES' SHOES AND SLIPPERS.

The Julia Marlowe \$3.50 for.....**\$2.50**  
Treadeasy, solid rubber heel and cushion sole, \$3.50 everywhere **\$2.50**  
All \$2 and \$2.50 Ladies' Shoes at \$1.75. All \$1.50 and \$1.75 at \$1.15.  
Child's 50c Shoes sizes 1 to 5.....25c  
All other Children's Shoes at proportionate prices.

The Famous GORDON \$3.00 HAT this sale only.....**\$2.35**  
10 doz. Men's \$2 Hats, each only.....**\$1.40**  
All \$1.50 Hats \$1.00. \$1.00 Hats down to 65 cents.

#### SWEATERS.

Men's and Ladies' Sweaters 25 per cent off  
20 doz. Boys' and Children's sweaters  
regular \$1 and 75c quality at.....**55c**

50 doz. Muleskin Mittens per pair.....**15c**  
75 doz. Wool Mittens, 50c goods.....**35c**  
All other Gloves and Mittens at correspondingly low figures.

50 doz. Men's Black and Black stripe cotton shirts, always 50 cts. only.....**35c**

# J. P. HANSEN

THE LEADING CLOTHIER

110-112 Brown St.,

RHINELANDER, WIS.

This is a GENUINE CUT IN PRICES and not a Catch Penny Advertising Dodge